

Tata Asset Management Limited

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

**KALYANIWALLA
& MISTRY LLP**
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TATA ASSET MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **TATA ASSET MANAGEMENT LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



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Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018 and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in Annexure 'A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 'B'; and,
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



**KALYANIWALLA
& MISTRY LLP**

- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

SD/-

ROSHNI R. MARFATIA
Partner
Membership No.: 106548
Place: Mumbai
Date: 30th April, 2018



Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in Para 1 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018:

Statement on Matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2016

1. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The Company has a regular program for physical verification of fixed assets by which all the fixed assets are verified at the end of the financial year. In our opinion, the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced before us, the title deeds of immoveable properties are held in the name of the company.
2. The Company is a service company primarily rendering asset management, portfolio management and advisory services. Accordingly, it does not hold any inventories. Thus, paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable.
3. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, and limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act.
4. The Company has neither granted any loans to any director or person in whom director is interested nor made any investments in any Company as specified in Section 185 and 186 of the Act. Thus, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public as per the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other applicable provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under apply.
6. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.
7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including dues pertaining to provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, profession tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed dues which have remained outstanding as at the end of the financial year, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, service tax, profession tax, provident fund, employee state insurance and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any disputes.



8. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not have any loans or borrowing from financial institution, bank, government or dues to any debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
9. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
10. Based upon the audit procedures performed by us, to the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, no fraud by the Company or fraud on the Company by its officers or employee has been noticed or reported during the year.
11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid / provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced before us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and the details thereof have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced before us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xiv) of the order are not applicable.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced before us, the Company has not has entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them.
16. The Company is a service company primarily rendering asset management, portfolio management and advisory services. Accordingly, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45- IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

SD/-
ROSHNI R. MARFATIA
Partner
Membership No.: 106548
Place: Mumbai
Date: 30th April, 2018



Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Para 2 (f) 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **TATA ASSET MANAGEMENT LIMITED** ("the Company") as at March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

SD/-
ROSHNI R. MARFATIA
Partner
Membership No.: 106548
Place: Mumbai
Date: 30th April, 2018



Tata Asset Management Limited

Balance sheet

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	Note	2018	2017
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	164,062,500	164,062,500
Reserves and surplus	4	2,156,935,409	1,948,405,952
Non-current liabilities			
Other long term liabilities	6	680,000	5,345,000
Long term provisions	7	45,728,153	83,514,181
Current liabilities			
Trade payables			
a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	8	-	-
b) Trade payables	8	121,055,513	109,371,062
Other current liabilities	9	237,891,011	173,061,216
Short term provisions	10	7,000,000	8,013,074
		2,733,352,586	2,491,772,985
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11		
Tangible assets		114,032,193	109,756,870
Intangible assets		11,772,869	17,804,631
Non-current investments	12	377,387,430	394,171,807
Long term loans and advances	13	259,729,761	319,902,101
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	17,133,284	29,100,474
Current assets			
Current investments	14	1,536,624,769	1,339,632,757
Trade receivables	15	165,737,736	101,246,433
Cash and bank balances	16	30,591,865	12,379,467
Short term loans and advances	17	220,342,679	167,778,445
		2,733,352,586	2,491,772,985

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements 2 - 36

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 104607W/W100166

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tata Asset Management Limited

SD/-

Roshni R. Marfatia

Partner

Membership No: 106548



Mumbai
30 April 2018

SD/-

Farokh N. Subedar

Chairman

[DIN : 00028428]



SD/-

Keki M. Elavia

Director

[DIN : 00003940]

SD/-

Hormuz A. Bulsara

CFO & Company Secretary

Mumbai
30 April 2018

Tata Asset Management Limited

Statement of profit and loss

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	Note	2018	2017
Revenue from operations	18	2,046,707,772	1,797,844,752
Other income	19	81,403,444	140,446,156
Total Revenue		2,128,111,216	1,938,290,908
Employee costs	20	757,790,806	690,795,420
Depreciation / amortization	11	29,495,009	30,602,099
Other expenses	21	755,270,672	655,187,458
Total expenses		1,542,556,487	1,376,584,977
Profit before tax		585,554,729	561,705,931
Income tax expense :			
Current expense		203,000,000	187,300,000
Prior year income tax		(15,657,505)	(6,605,298)
Deferred tax charge / (income)		11,967,190	(17,022,158)
Profit for the year		386,245,044	398,033,387
Earnings per equity share of nominal value of Rs. 10 (previous year Rs. 10) :			
Basic and Diluted (Rs.)	24	23.54	24.26

Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements

2 - 36

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 104607W/W100166

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tata Asset Management Limited

SD/-

Roshni R. Marfatia

Partner

Membership No: 106548



Mumbai

30 April 2018

SD/-

Farokh N. Subedar

Chairman

[DIN : 00028428]

SD/-

Keki M. Elavia

Director

[DIN : 00003940]

SD/-

Hormuz A. Bulsara

CFO & Company Secretary

Mumbai

30 April 2018



Tata Asset Management Limited

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	Note	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit before tax		585,554,729	561,705,931
Depreciation		29,495,009	30,602,099
Interest income		(4,188,731)	(15,662,778)
Dividend income		-	(358,791)
Reversal in diminution in value of investments		-	-
Profit on sale of investments (net)		(45,517,100)	(111,623,749)
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)		613,139	238,077
Operating cash flow before working capital changes		565,957,046	464,900,789
Adjustments for :			
Increase in other long term liabilities		(4,665,000)	-
Increase / (decrease) in long term provisions		(37,786,028)	42,368,489
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables		11,684,451	(28,533,080)
Increase in current liabilities		64,829,795	12,847,710
Increase / (decrease) in short term provisions		(1,013,074)	1,021,315
Decrease / (increase) in long term loans and advances		6,300,978	38,201,931
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables		(64,491,303)	(3,334,347)
Decrease / (increase) in short term loans and advances		(52,551,412)	73,980,562
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(77,691,593)	136,552,580
Income tax paid (net of refund)		(133,471,132)	(199,984,329)
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)		354,794,321	401,469,040
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets		(31,480,784)	(17,436,533)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		3,129,075	1,528,000
Interest income		4,175,909	15,662,778
Dividend income		-	358,791
Purchase in shares of subsidiary company		(1,500,000.00)	-
Purchase of investments		(1,450,264,976)	(2,024,834,946)
Proceeds from sale of investments		1,317,074,440	1,640,820,186
Net cash used in investing activities (B)		(158,866,336)	(383,901,724)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Dividend and distribution tax paid		(177,715,587)	(13,822,323)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)		(177,715,587)	(13,822,323)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)		18,212,398	3,744,993
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		12,379,467	8,634,474
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	16	30,591,865	12,379,467



Tata Asset Management Limited

Cash flow statement (continued)

Mumbai

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2018	2017
Notes:		
1 Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:		
Cash in hand	19,348	18,895
Balances with banks in current account	10,572,517	12,360,572
Fixed deposit with original maturity less than three months	20,000,000	-
	<u>30,591,865</u>	<u>12,379,467</u>

2 The above statement of cash flow has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in AS 3 - 'Cash Flow Statements'.

3 Figures in brackets are outflows / deductions. Previous year's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 104607W/W100166

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tata Asset Management Limited

SD/-

Roshni R. Marfatia

Partner

Membership No: 106548



Mumbai

30 April 2018

SD/-

Farokh N. Subedar

Chairman

[DIN : 00028428]

SD/-

Keki M. Elavia

Director

[DIN : 00003940]

SD/-

Hormuz A. Bulsara

CFO & Company Secretary

Mumbai

30 April 2018



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

1 Background

Tata Asset Management Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 15 March 1994. The Company's principal activity is to act as an investment manager to Tata Mutual Fund ('the Fund'), to provide portfolio management services ('PMS') to clients and advisory services. The Company is registered with Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993 and SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012. The Company manages the investment portfolio of the Fund and provides various administrative services to the Fund and Trustee Company as laid down in the Investment Management Agreement dated 9 May 1995 and amended from time to time.

2 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared and presented on the accrual basis of accounting and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the relevant provisions of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent applicable.

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ('Indian GAAP') requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in preparing the accompanying financial statements. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets :

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria :

- a it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities :

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria :

- a it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes all expenses incidental to the acquisition of the Property, plant and equipment and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis other than premises, intangibles assets and leasehold improvements. Premises are depreciated over its estimated useful life on a straight line basis. Intangible assets comprising of software purchased / developed and licensing costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the useful life of the software up to a maximum of five years commencing from the year in which such software is first ready for its intended use. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the primary period of lease on a straight line basis or useful life which ever is less.

As per the requirement of the Act, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment and has computed depreciation according to the provisions of Schedule II of the Act. The useful life of the following assets are as follows :

Tangible assets	As per Companies Act
Premises	60 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8 Years
Office equipments	5 Years
Office equipments - mobile	5 Years
Computers - servers	6 Years
Computers - end user devices	3 Years

Further as disclosed in the table below, the estimated useful life of certain property, plant and equipment of the Company is different from useful life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act.

Nature of property, plant and equipment	Management Estimate of Useful Life (in years)	Useful life as per the limits prescribed in Schedule II of the Act (in years)
Vehicles	6	8
Office equipments - mobile	3	5

For these class of assets, based on internal technical assessment, the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives for these assets is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Assets individually costing Rupees Five Thousand or less are fully depreciated in the year of purchase or acquisition.

The Company provides pro-rata depreciation from the date the asset is ready for its intended use and in respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

2.5 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

If at the balance sheet date, there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.6 Investments

Investments are classified as long-term or current based on intention of the management at the time of purchase. Long-term investments are carried at carrying cost less any diminution in value, which is other than temporary, determined separately for each individual investment.

Current investments are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The comparison of cost and net realizable value is done separately in respect of each individual investment.

Purchase and sale of investments are recorded on trade date. Profit or loss on sale of investments is determined on the basis of average cost and is recognised on trade date.

2.7 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when there is reasonable certainty of its ultimate realisation /collection.

Investment management fees

Investment management fees (net of service tax) is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the Investment Management Agreement and SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time based on daily assets under management of Tata Mutual Fund schemes.

Portfolio management fees

Portfolio management fees are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with Portfolio Management Agreement entered with respective clients.

Advisory fees

Advisory fees are recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the respective terms of contract with counterparties.

Other income

Interest income is accounted on a time proportion basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

Rent income is recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the respective terms of contract with lessee.

2.8 Transactions in foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences, if any arising out of foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rate on that date. The exchange differences, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the balance sheet.

2.9 Employee benefits

Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value., and the fair value of plan assets, if any, is deducted from such determined present value.

The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service that give rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at present values of estimated future cash flows. The discount rate used for determining the present value is based on the prevailing market yields on Indian Government Securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligation.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Benefits in respect of gratuity, a defined benefit scheme as applicable to employees of the Company is annually funded with the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

Superannuation

The Company contributes a sum upto 15% of basic salary for employees who have opted to contribute to a Superannuation Fund, administered by trustees and managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The Company recognises such contributions as an expense in the year they are incurred. Benefits in respect of superannuation, a defined contribution scheme, as applicable to employees is annually funded with the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

Provident fund

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid earned leave. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the year.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date. The Company's liability towards compensated absences is determined on the basis of valuations, as at balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions and are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

Long term incentive plan (LTIP)

The company has launched LTIP series I and LTIP series II for the year end 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 respectively, the grant value of which will vest on the completion of their respective three years. The provision is assessed on a yearly basis based on straight lining method, in accordance with LTIP policy.

The company has also launched LTIP series III for the year end 31 March 2018 which is a defined benefit and is accrued based on an actuarial valuation at the balance sheet date carried out by an independent actuary.

2.10 New fund offer expenses ('NFO')

Expenses relating to NFO are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which these expenses are incurred which is in compliance with SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.

2.11 Scheme expenses

In pursuance to SEBI PR No. 77 / 2012, the Company has incurred expenses related to advertisement, brokerage, custodian etc. for and on behalf of the schemes of the Fund and the same has been charged to the statement of profit and loss.

2.12 Brokerage and incentives

All brokerage and incentive payments are charged to the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.13 Taxation

Current tax

Income tax expense comprises current and prior years tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current income tax is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with Income-tax Act, 1961. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Company.

Deferred tax

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future, however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonable / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

2.14 Operating leases

Licenses where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the lease term are classified as operating lease. Operating lease charges are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.15 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

Number of equity shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average number of shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also weighted average number of equity shares which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential shares. In computing diluted earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive are included.

2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

2.17 Segment reporting

The Company is in the business of providing asset management services to the Fund and portfolio management service to clients. The primary segment is identified as asset management services. As such the Company's financial statements are largely reflective of the asset management business and there is no separate reportable segment.

Pursuant to Accounting Standard (AS) 17 Segment Reporting, no segment disclosure has been made in these financial statements, as the Company has only one geographical segment and no other separate reportable business segment.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

3 Share capital

Particulars	2018		2017	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorised				
25,000,000 (previous year 25,000,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each	25,000,000	250,000,000	25,000,000	250,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up				
16,406,250 (previous year 16,406,250) equity shares of Rs.10 each	16,406,250	164,062,500	16,406,250	164,062,500
	16,406,250	164,062,500	16,406,250	164,062,500

Reconciliation of equity shares:

Particulars	Equity Shares 2018		Equity Shares 2017	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	16,406,250	164,062,500	16,406,250	164,062,500
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	16,406,250	164,062,500	16,406,250	164,062,500

Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% and shares held by their holding and their subsidiaries / associates:

Particulars	Name & nature of relationship	2018		2017	
		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
11,140,793 (previous year 11,140,793) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	Tata Sons Limited, Holding Company and its nominees	111,407,930	67.91%	111,407,930	67.91%
5,265,457 (previous year 5,265,457) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	Tata Investment Corporation Limited, Fellow Subsidiary	52,654,570	32.09%	52,654,570	32.09%

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid.

Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

There is no buyback / bonus shares issued during the period of five years immediately preceding reporting date.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2018	2017
4 Reserves and surplus		
General reserve	327,499,006	327,499,006
Securities premium account	65,625,000	65,625,000
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Opening balance	1,555,281,946	1,157,248,559
Add : Net profit for the year	386,245,044	398,033,387
Less : Dividend paid (refer note 25)	147,656,250	-
Less : Tax on dividend paid (refer note 25)	30,059,337	-
Closing balance	<u>1,763,811,403</u>	<u>1,555,281,946</u>
	<u>2,156,935,409</u>	<u>1,948,405,952</u>



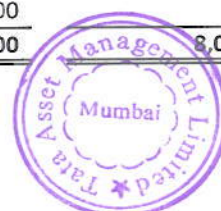
Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2018	2017
5 Deferred tax asset (net)		
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) included in the balance sheet comprise of the following :		
Deferred tax assets:		
Employee benefits	18,248,159	31,675,753
Straight lining of lease rentals	777,964	777,440
	19,026,123	32,453,193
Deferred tax liability:		
Written down value of fixed assets	(1,892,839)	(3,352,719)
Net deferred tax assets	17,133,284	29,100,474
6 Other long-term liabilities		
Security deposits	680,000	5,345,000
	680,000	5,345,000
7 Long term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Non current liabilities		
Gratuity (funded) (refer note 27)	5,240,272	5,113,848
Compensated absences (funded; Previous year unfunded)	20,370,310	49,750,333
Long term incentive plan (unfunded)	20,117,571	28,650,000
	45,728,153	83,514,181
8 Trade payables		
Due to micro and small suppliers (refer note 33)	-	-
Others	121,055,513	109,371,062
	121,055,513	109,371,062
9 Other current liabilities		
Statutory dues	37,617,296	22,369,575
Employee related expenses payable	197,773,715	148,491,641
Other payables	2,500,000	2,200,000
	237,891,011	173,061,216
10 Short term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated absences (funded; Previous year unfunded)	-	8,013,074
Long term incentive plan (unfunded)	7,000,000	-
	7,000,000	8,013,074



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

11 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment	Balance as at 1 April 2017	Gross Block Additions	Disposals	Balance as at 31 March 2018	Balance as at 1 April 2017	Accumulated Depreciation Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at 31 March 2018	Net Block Balance as at 31 March 2018
Tangible assets :									
Premises	110,093,080	-	-	110,093,080	33,380,574	1,633,178	-	35,013,752	75,079,328
Furniture and fixtures	29,997,009	3,042,652	2,016,369	31,023,292	24,125,239	2,788,801	1,743,689	25,170,351	5,852,941
Vehicles	25,837,419	14,628,954	10,060,011	30,406,362	14,402,637	6,628,718	7,441,337	13,590,018	16,816,344
Office equipments	36,682,915	3,744,668	2,990,865	37,436,718	30,085,979	3,313,231	2,253,597	31,145,613	6,291,105
Computers	49,968,708	5,913,392	1,950,804	53,931,296	42,072,149	4,967,797	1,852,220	45,187,226	8,743,570
Subtotal (I)	252,579,131	27,329,666	17,018,049	262,890,748	144,066,578	19,331,725	13,290,843	150,107,460	112,783,288
Lease hold improvements :									
Furniture and fixtures	23,062,945	800,040	477,561	23,385,424	21,818,628	784,348	466,457	22,136,519	1,248,905
Office equipments	1,242,342	-	-	1,242,342	1,242,342	-	-	1,242,342	-
Subtotal (II)	24,305,287	800,040	477,561	24,627,766	23,060,970	784,348	466,457	23,378,861	1,248,905
Total Tangible assets (A) (I + II)	276,884,418	28,129,706	17,495,610	287,518,514	167,127,548	20,116,073	13,757,300	173,486,321	114,032,193
Intangible assets :									
Computer software	43,972,151	3,351,078	71,865	47,251,364	32,880,474	6,120,654	67,961	38,933,167	8,318,197
Licenses and franchise	32,489,918	-	-	32,489,918	25,776,964	3,258,282	-	29,035,246	3,454,672
Total intangible assets (B)	76,462,069	3,351,078	71,865	79,741,282	58,657,438	9,378,936	67,961	67,968,413	11,772,869
Total fixed assets (A + B)	353,346,487	31,480,784	17,567,475	367,259,796	225,784,986	29,495,009	13,825,261	241,454,734	125,805,062



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

11 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

As at 31 March 2017

Property, plant and equipment	Balance as at 1 April 2016	Gross Block Additions	Disposals	Balance as at 31 March 2017	Balance as at 1 April 2016	Accumulated Depreciation Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at 31 March 2017	Net Block Balance as at 31 March 2017
Tangible assets :									
Premises	110,093,080	-	-	110,093,080	31,747,396	1,633,178	-	33,380,574	76,712,506
Furniture and fixtures	32,235,486	2,689,849	4,928,326	29,997,009	25,617,764	2,947,018	4,439,543	24,125,239	5,871,770
Vehicles	23,712,121	6,757,165	4,631,867	25,837,419	12,669,707	5,288,740	3,555,810	14,402,637	11,434,782
Office equipments	35,209,047	2,222,156	748,288	36,682,915	26,774,105	3,971,463	659,589	30,085,979	6,596,936
Computers	48,637,090	3,605,470	2,273,852	49,968,708	38,304,578	5,936,354	2,168,783	42,072,149	7,896,559
Subtotal (i)	249,886,824	15,274,640	12,582,333	252,579,131	135,113,550	19,776,753	10,823,725	144,066,578	108,512,553
Lease hold improvements :									
Furniture and fixtures	22,238,198	881,997	57,250	23,062,945	20,968,754	907,124	57,250	21,818,628	1,244,317
Office equipments	1,242,342	-	-	1,242,342	1,242,342	-	-	1,242,342	-
Subtotal (ii)	23,480,540	881,997	57,250	24,305,287	22,211,096	907,124	57,250	23,060,970	1,244,317
Total Tangible assets (A) (i + ii)	273,367,364	16,156,637	12,639,583	276,894,418	157,324,646	20,683,877	10,880,975	167,127,548	109,756,870
Intangible assets :									
Computer software	42,973,838	1,279,896	281,583	43,972,151	26,494,648	6,659,940	274,114	32,880,474	11,091,677
Licenses and franchise	32,489,918	-	-	32,489,918	22,518,682	3,258,282	-	25,776,964	6,712,954
Total intangible assets (B)	75,463,756	1,279,896	281,583	76,462,069	49,013,330	9,918,222	274,114	58,657,438	17,804,631
Total fixed assets (A + B)	348,831,120	17,436,533	12,921,166	353,346,487	206,337,976	30,602,099	11,155,089	225,784,986	127,561,501



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

12 Non-current investment

Details of non-current investment
(valued at cost unless stated otherwise)

Name of the body corporate	Subsidiary / Associate / JV/ Controlled Entity / Others	Face Value	No. of Shares / Units		Amount	
			2018	2017	2018	2017
Trade investments						
Investment in equity instruments (unquoted) :						
Tata Asset Management (Mauritius) Private Limited	Subsidiary	USD 1	660,100.000	660,100.000	32,614,206	32,614,206
Tata Pension Management Limited	Subsidiary	INR 10	250,000.000	100,000.000	2,500,000	1,000,000
MF Utilities India Private Limited	Others	INR 1	500,000.000	500,000.000	500,000	500,000
Non-trade investments						
Investment in bonds (quoted) :						
Rural Electrification Corporation Limited - 7.22% tax free bonds	Others	INR 1,000	50,000.000	50,000.000	50,000,000	50,000,000
Investments in mutual funds (quoted)						
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme T Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	-	5,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme R Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	-	5,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00
Tata FMP Series 47 Scheme F Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	-	1,828,437.69	-	18,284,377.00
Tata FMP Series 47 Scheme H Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	-	2,000,000.00	-	20,000,000.00
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme M Regular Growth	Others	INR 10	5,000,000.000	-	50,000,000	-
Tata FMP Series 53 Scheme B Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	7,000,000.000	-	70,000,000	-
Investments in Mutual Funds (unquoted)						
Tata Dynamic Bond Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	250,096.021	250,096.021	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Ultra Short Term Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 1,000	2,510.060	2,510.060	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Money Market Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 1,000	2,393.749	2,393.749	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Gilt Mid Term Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	319,655.285	319,655.285	4,465,000	4,465,000
Tata Gilt Securities Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	232,541.649	232,541.649	9,863,720	9,863,720
Tata Long Term Debt Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	125,662.824	125,662.824	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Medium Term Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	243,435.590	243,435.590	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Liquid Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 1,000	3,689.270	3,689.270	9,695,191	9,695,191
Tata Regular Savings Equity Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	121,685.908	121,685.908	3,030,000	3,030,000
Tata Short Term Bond Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	202,559.340	202,559.340	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Corporate Bond Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 1,000	2,838.796	2,838.796	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Ethical Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	44,372.175	44,372.175	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Dividend Yield Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	96,392.480	96,392.480	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Balanced Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	103,186.614	103,186.614	17,000,000	17,000,000
Tata Equity Opportunities Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	124,905.730	124,905.730	18,102,357	18,102,357



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

12 Non-current investment (Continued)

Details of non-current investment
(valued at cost unless stated otherwise)

Name of the body corporate	Subsidiary / Associate / JV/ Controlled Entity / Others	Face Value	No. of Shares / Units		Amount	
			2018	2017	2018	2017
Investments in Mutual Funds (unquoted)						
Tata Equity P/E Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	63,856.350	63,856.350	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Index Fund - Nifty A Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	10,922.613	10,922.613	535,000	535,000
Tata Index Fund - Sensex A Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	8,640.188	8,640.188	560,000	560,000
Tata Mid Cap Growth Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	60,132.842	60,132.842	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Infrastructure Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	132,656.496	132,656.496	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Large Cap Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	33,476.162	33,476.162	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata India Tax Savings Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	477,017.685	477,017.685	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Young Citizens' Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	265,629.133	265,629.133	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Retirement Savings Fund-Moderate Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	69,104.242	69,104.242	1,210,000	1,210,000
Tata Retirement Savings Fund-Progressive Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	285,272.725	285,272.725	4,805,000	4,805,000
Tata Retirement Savings Fund-Conservative Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	389,401.578	389,401.578	5,956,956	5,956,956
Tata India Pharma & Healthcare Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	502,255.126	502,255.126	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Banking & Financial Services Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	500,230.106	500,230.106	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata India Consumer Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	494,476.695	494,476.695	5,000,000	5,000,000
Tata Digital India Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	456,749.350	456,749.350	4,550,000	4,550,000
Tata Resources & Energy Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	199,618.728	199,618.728	2,000,000	2,000,000
			19,285,465.510	20,963,903.201	377,387,430	394,171,807
Aggregate book value of unquoted non-current investments					207,387,430	205,887,430
Quoted non-current investments						
Aggregate book value					170,000,000	188,284,377
Aggregate market value					173,464,500	233,092,867



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2018	2017
13 Long term loans and advances		
<i>(unsecured and considered good)</i>		
To related parties (refer note 22) :		
Security deposits *	15,500,000	26,160,000
To parties other than related parties :		
Advance tax (net of provisions Rs. 650,198,275 (previous year Rs. 494,898,275))	177,360,699	231,232,061
Capital advances	7,756,250	465,976
Securities deposits	47,180,265	46,547,265
Prepaid expenses	6,262,425	7,040,703
Staff loans	5,670,122	8,456,096
	259,729,761	319,902,101

* The Company has paid deposits to Tata Industries Limited Rs. 15,500,000 (Previous year Rs. 15,500,000) and Ewart Investments Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. 10,000,000) for housing lease and to Tata Sons Limited Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. 660,000) for the office space lease.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

14 Current investments

Name of the body corporate	Subsidiary / Associate / JV/ Controlled Entity / Others	Face Value	No. of Shares / Units		Amount	
			2018	2017	2018	2017
Current portion of Long term investments (valued at cost unless stated otherwise) :						
Investments in mutual funds (quoted)						
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme T Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	5,000,000.000	-	50,000,000	-
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme R Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	5,000,000.000	-	50,000,000	-
Tata FMP Series 47 Scheme F Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	1,828,437.691	-	18,284,377	-
Tata FMP Series 47 Scheme H Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	2,000,000.000	-	20,000,000	-
Tata FMP Series 46 Scheme M Regular Growth	Others	INR 10	250,000.000	-	3,264,975	-
Other investments (valued at lower of cost or fair value) :						
Investments in Mutual Funds (unquoted)						
Tata Short Term Bond Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	22,348,750.684	33,569,650.385	689,440,440	1,014,749,846
Tata Gilt Mid Term Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	3,340,526.601	3,340,526.601	50,000,000	50,000,000
Tata Gilt Securities Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	2,800,517.805	2,800,517.805	136,825,372	136,825,372
Tata Dynamic Bond Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	6,362,324.486	6,362,347.486	135,555,539	135,555,539
Tata Money Market Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 1,000	57,172.857	-	153,254,066	-
Tata Long Term Debt Fund Direct Growth	Others	INR 10	4,313,277.686	-	230,000,000	-
Tata India Tax Savings Fund Direct Dividend	Others	INR 10	-	39,865.665	-	2,502,000
			53,301,007.810	46,112,907.942	1,536,624,769	1,339,632,757
Aggregate book value of unquoted current investments					1,395,075,417	1,339,632,757
Quoted current investments:						
Aggregate book value					141,549,352	-
Aggregate market value					196,168,371	-



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2,018	2017
15 Trade receivables		
<i>(unsecured and considered good)</i>		
Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	-	-
Others	165,737,736	101,246,433
	<u>165,737,736</u>	<u>101,246,433</u>
16 Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents :		
Cash on hand	19,348	18,895
Balances with banks		
on current accounts	10,572,517	12,360,572
in fixed deposit with original maturity less than three months	20,000,000	-
	<u>30,591,865</u>	<u>12,379,467</u>
17 Short term loans and advances		
<i>(unsecured and considered good)</i>		
To related parties (refer note 22) :		
Prepaid expenses	3,758,202	3,925,166
To parties other than related parties :		
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	190,380,450	130,780,346
Interest accrued but not due	1,209,562	1,196,740
Staff loans	1,175,269	1,211,262
Prepaid expenses	23,102,824	25,011,300
Balances with statutory authorities	123,007	5,002,089
Others	593,365	651,542
	<u>220,342,679</u>	<u>167,778,445</u>



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2,018	2017
18 Revenue from operations		
Management fees from mutual fund and offshore operations	2,018,180,104	1,768,206,383
Management fees from portfolio management services	14,589,290	17,762,522
Advisory fees	13,938,378	11,875,847
	2,046,707,772	1,797,844,752
19 Other income		
Interest income		
Long term investments	3,624,247	3,610,000
Income tax refund	21,266,221	11,633,437
Staff loans	564,484	419,341
Dividend on :		
Current investments	-	358,791
Profit on sale of investments (net)		
Non-current investments	-	1,623,911
Current investments	45,517,100	109,999,838
Rent income	6,987,579	9,835,356
Miscellaneous income	3,443,813	2,965,482
	81,403,444	140,446,156
20 Employee Costs		
Salaries, bonus and allowances	684,422,110	608,179,651
Contribution to provident and other funds	37,800,803	35,703,459
Long term incentive plan	16,023,571	28,650,000
Staff welfare costs	19,544,322	18,262,310
	757,790,806	690,795,420
21 Other expenses		
Rent	63,224,841	63,260,894
Electricity	12,049,566	13,382,034
Repairs and maintenance :		
Equipment	6,491,613	6,774,899
Premises	15,890,294	15,210,639
Insurance	10,583,685	11,081,944
Legal and professional fees	46,428,757	31,729,834
Information technology	31,426,749	27,692,472
Travelling and conveyance	22,742,263	19,327,758
Brokerage and incentives	5,789,119	7,619,870
Communication expenses	23,525,471	21,477,227
Goods and services tax / service tax	10,365,219	3,809,297
Rates and taxes	3,264,923	3,194,422
Books, periodicals and subscriptions	28,303,382	26,118,210
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	613,139	238,077
Training expenses	1,715,276	2,468,085
Printing and stationery	3,938,160	3,989,243
Marketing and sales promotion	10,883,008	13,392,743
Auditors remuneration :		
Audit fees	1,856,600	2,580,000
Tax audit fees	300,000	450,000
Reimbursement of out of pocket expenses	4,000	137,910
Directors expenses	4,658,298	3,968,379
Auxiliary services	25,146,501	19,636,587
Corporate Social Responsibility	4,635,000	4,015,000
Scheme expenses (Refer note 2.11)	419,502,531	351,561,340
Loss on foreign currency transactions (net)	500,337	114,685
Miscellaneous expenses	1,431,940	1,955,909
	755,270,672	655,187,458



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (*Continued*)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

22 Related party

Related parties where control exists :

Tata Sons Limited – Holding Company

Wholly owned subsidiaries :

Tata Asset Management (Mauritius) Private Limited

Tata Pension Management Limited

Fellow subsidiaries with whom transactions have taken place :

Tata Trustee Company Limited

Tata AIG General Insurance Company Limited

Tata AIA Life Insurance Company Limited

Tata Industries Limited

Tata Consultancy Services Limited

Tata Investment Corporation Limited

Infinity Retail Limited

Tata Securities Limited

Tata Capital Financial Services Limited

TC Travel And Services Limited (ceased w.e.f. 30 October 2017)

Tata Sky Limited

Tata Teleservices (Maharashtra) Limited

Tata Teleservices Limited

Ewart Investments Limited

Tata International West Asia DMCC

Key management personnel

Mr. Ramamoorthy Ganesh - Ex. CEO & Managing Director (resigned w.e.f. 6 June 2017)

Mr. Arvind Sethi - Ex. Managing Director & CEO (resigned w.e.f. 31 August 2015)

Mr. Hormuz A. Bulsara - Chief Operating Officer (Manager under section 2(53) w.e.f. 5 December 2017)



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

22 Related party (Continued)

Description	Nature of expense / income	Holding company			Wholly owned subsidiary			Fellow subsidiary			Key management personnel		
		Balance Outstanding	Transaction Amount	Balance Outstanding	Balance Outstanding	Transaction Amount	Balance Outstanding	Balance Outstanding	Transaction Amount	Balance Outstanding	Balance Outstanding	Transaction Amount	Balance Outstanding
		2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017
Tata Sons Limited	Subscription paid	5,296,553	4,494,612										
Tata Sons Limited	Rent received	2,776,929	5,088,756										
Tata Sons Limited	Dividend paid	100,267,137	7,798,555										
Tata Sons Limited	Rent paid	442,750	759,000										
Tata Sons Limited	Security deposit refunded	4,425,000	-	9,255,771									
Tata Sons Limited	Security deposit received back	660,000	-										
Tata Sons Limited	Miscellaneous service availed	915,922	1,336,641										
Tata Asset Management (Mauritius) Private Limited	Management fee income			99,829,749	87,658,821								
Tata Asset Management (Mauritius) Private Limited	Advisory fee income			1,533,209	4,141,615	28,098,250	24,820,132						
Tata Pension Management Limited	Investment in subsidiary			1,500,000									
Tata AIG General Insurance Company Limited	Insurance paid					3,231,429	3,433,401						
Tata AIG General Insurance Company Limited	Insurance claims received						52,692						
Tata AIA Life Insurance Company Limited	Insurance paid					1,122,225	1,117,032						
Tata Consultancy Services Limited	Pension recovery					4,070,964	4,070,964						
Tata Consultancy Services Limited	Purchase of licences					124,440	-						
Tata Industries Limited	Rent and maintenance paid					505,360	15,558,612	498,468	15,500,000				



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2018

22 Related party (Continued)

[illegible]

Note : The above balances benefited arising on account of gratuity leave encashment etc. are not included as these benefits are determined at a Company level.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

23 Operating leases

Assets taken on Lease :

The Company has taken office premises and residential flats for employee on Operating Lease and the lease rentals amounting to Rs. 62,614,341 (Previous year Rs. 60,922,894) and Rs. 610,500 (Previous year Rs. 2,338,000) pertaining to these leases, respectively, has been charged under 'Rent' included in 'Other expenses' in Note 21 in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss includes Rs. 1,514 (Previous year Rs. 763,848) towards provision for straight lining of lease rentals.

The total future liability of all non cancellable operating leases is as given below :

	In less than a year		In 1 year to 5 years		In more than 5 years	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Total future minimum lease payments	33,459,231	37,467,614	4,227,874	36,888,057	-	-

Assets given on Lease :

The Company has given office premises and residential flats on lease. As per the terms of the lease, all maintenance charges and municipal levies are borne by the Company.

	In less than a year		In 1 year to 5 years		In more than 5 years	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Total future minimum lease receipts	891,000	6,479,004	-	891,000	-	-

The total rent receipts recognized in the statement of profit and loss towards the above referred leases amount to Rs. 6,987,579 (previous year Rs. 9,835,356).

2018 2017

24 Earnings per share ('EPS')

The computation of EPS is given below :

Profit after tax	386,245,044	398,033,387
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in units)	16,406,250	16,406,250
Basic and diluted EPS of face value Rs.10 each (in Rs.)	23.54	24.26

25 Dividend not recognised at the end of the reporting period

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2018, the directors propose that a dividend of Rs. 10 per share (Previous year Rs. 9 per share) be paid on fully paid equity shares. The equity dividend is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements. The proposed equity dividend is payable to all holders of fully paid equity shares. The total estimated equity dividend to be paid is Rs. 164,062,500 (Previous year Rs. 147,656,250).

26 Provisions for loyalty incentives

Opening balance as on 1 April	713,844	561,869
Additional provision / (reversal) during the year	135,844	151,975
	849,688	713,844
Amount incurred and paid during the year	-	-
Closing balance as on 31 March	849,688	713,844



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

26 Provisions for loyalty incentives (Continued)

Nature of obligation

Loyalty incentives to unit holders for long term investment under Tata Gilt Securities Fund – Retirement Plan Series maturing on 28 February 2025 will be paid by the Company at the rate specified by it from time to time in the form of allotment of units equivalent to the amount of loyalty incentive. Units will be allotted at net asset value ('NAV') based price prevailing on first business day after the end of the minimum investment period specified by the Company from time to time. The maximum amount of loyalty under this option will not exceed 2% of the amount which remains invested for minimum holding period (i.e. atleast 5 years).

Expected time

At present, the Company proposes to pay loyalty incentives at the end of 5 years, 10 years, 15 years and 20 years from the date of allotment.

Assumptions

It is assumed that all the unit holders currently under Tata Gilt Securities Fund – Retirement Plan Series will remain invested till the maturity period i.e. 28 February 2025.

27 Employee retirement benefits

A. Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards Provident Fund, Family Pension Fund and Superannuation Fund which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations other than these three funds to make the specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit and loss as they accrue. The amount recognised as an expense towards contribution to Provident Fund, Family Pension Fund and Superannuation Fund for the year are summarised below.

	2018	2017
Company's contribution to:		
Provident Fund	11,934,414	11,470,048
Family Pension Fund	4,377,639	4,312,976
Superannuation Fund	10,531,601	8,823,382
	26,843,654	24,606,406

B. Defined benefit plan

The following tables summarises the components of the expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss, and the funded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan - as per actuarial valuation.

	2018	2017
Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date :		
Mortality table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult table
Discount rate	7.70%	7.00%
Expected rate of return on assets (p.a.)	7.50%	7.50%
Salary escalation (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%
Employee attrition rate	15% upto age 44 and 5% thereafter	15% upto age 44 and 5% thereafter
Changes in the defined benefit obligation :		
Opening defined benefit obligation	40,069,021	31,122,267
Current service cost	4,306,562	3,837,367
Interest cost	2,930,175	2,573,888
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(2,069,508)	4,307,807
Past service cost	5,850,799	-
Benefits paid	(2,334,056)	(1,772,308)
Closing defined benefit obligation	48,752,993	40,069,021



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

	2018	2017
27 Employee retirement benefits (Continued)		
Change in fair value of plan assets :		
Opening fair value of plan assets	34,955,173	28,690,804
Expected return of plan assets	2,545,443	2,101,466
Actuarial loss	(183,138)	(128,675)
Contribution by employer	8,529,299	6,063,886
Benefits paid	(2,334,056)	(1,772,308)
Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year	43,512,721	34,955,173
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of assets		
Present value of funded obligation	48,752,993	40,069,021
Fair value of plan assets	(43,512,721)	(34,955,173)
Net liability	5,240,272	5,113,848
Statement of profit and loss		
Net employee benefit expenses (recognised in employee cost)		
Current service cost	4,306,562	3,837,367
Interest on defined benefit obligation	2,930,175	2,573,888
Expected return on plan assets	(2,545,443)	(2,101,466)
Net actuarial losses recognized in the year	(1,886,370)	4,436,482
Past service cost	5,850,799	-
Total included in 'Employee Benefit Expense'	8,655,723	8,746,271

Five year information

	31-Mar-2018	31-Mar-2017	31-Mar-2016	31-Mar-2015	31-Mar-2014
Gratuity					
Defined benefit obligation	48,752,993	40,069,021	31,122,267	25,474,790	20,006,721
Fair value of plan assets	43,512,721	34,955,173	28,690,804	24,574,986	21,399,545
Deficit / (surplus) in the plan	(5,240,272)	(5,113,848)	(2,431,463)	(899,804)	1,392,824
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities	530,000	1,375,807	2,112,779	564,874	(594,570)
Experience adjustment arising on plan assets	(183,138)	(128,675)	45,088	283,325	224,138

The assumptions considered by the actuary are as follows:

a) Discount rate:

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

b) Expected rate of return on plan assets:

This is based on our expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the fund during the estimated term on the obligations.

c) Salary escalation rate:

The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

C. Other long term benefits

- 1) Amount recognised as a liability in respect of compensated leave absence as per actuarial valuation as on 31 March 2018 is Rs. 20,370,310 (previous year Rs. 57,763,407).
- 2) Amount recognised as a liability in respect of long term incentive plan as per management estimates / actuarial valuation as on 31 March 2018 is Rs.27,117,571 (previous year Rs. 28,650,000)

- 28** In the Board Meeting dated 21 December 2017 the board invited Mr. V. Chandrasekaran, retired Executive Director – Investments from Life Insurance Corporation of India Ltd., to join the Board in place of Mr. Mehernosh B. Kapadia who expressed his desire to step down from the Directorship of the Company with effect from 31 December 2017 and Mr. V. Chandrasekaran agreed to accept the offer, subject to satisfactory regulatory and procedural clearances from his past employer, which were received by 12 April 2018.



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

29 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

As per the provisions of the Section 135 of the Act,

a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year was Rs. 4,606,000.

b) The following amounts were spent during the year on activities relating to promotion of education, water projects, underprivileged and handicapped children, development of wives and widows of army personnel, promoting preventive healthcare and providing livelihood, housing and overall development of villages.

Nature of CSR activity	Amount Paid
1. Stability and improvement in the lives of underprivileged and handicapped children	100,000
2. Water salvage project	500,000
3. Activity of a well-originating irrigation system	785,000
4. Printing and distribution of valuable educational books to libraries across India	400,000
5. Storm Water Drainage and Rain water harvesting	700,000
6. Development, well-being and rehabilitation of wives and widows of army personnel	200,000
7. Promoting day care centre residential facility for special children	200,000
8. Construction of additional classrooms for English Medium school	1,000,000
9. Education, livelihood, housing and overall development of villages	750,000
Total CSR spend	4,635,000

30 Contingent liabilities

(to the extent not provided for)

There is no contingent liability as at 31 March 2018 (previous year Rs. Nil).

31 Capital commitments

(to the extent not provided for)

Capital commitment as at 31 March 2018 is Rs. 9,658,608 (previous year Rs. 199,408).

32 Expenditure in foreign currency (on accrual basis)

Travelling	962,364	75,449
Legal & Professional Fees	417,463	857,903
Marketing expenses	95,261	-
Subscription & License fees	1,519,700	-
Conference/Seminar	32,300	-
Scheme expenses:		
Registration and filing fees	2,241,715	-
Legal & Professional Fees	2,031,459	-
	7,300,262	933,352

33 Earnings in foreign currency (on accrual basis)

Management fees from offshore operations	99,829,749	87,658,821
Advisory fees	13,938,378	11,875,847
	113,768,127	99,534,668



Tata Asset Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

34 Due to micro and small suppliers

Sundry creditors do not include any amount payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities.

	2018	2017
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	Nil	Nil
Interest due thereon	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises, under Section 23 of the MSMED Act	Nil	Nil

35 Particular of unhedged foreign currency exposures

Particulars	Currency	2018		2017	
		FCY	INR	FCY	INR
Receivables:					
Trade receivables	AUD	9,816	495,386	-	-
	YEN	3,303,412	2,025,309	3,008,175	1,769,936
	USD	431,988	28,098,250	382,799	24,820,132
Payables:					
Trade payables	USD	355	23,098	-	-

36 Transfer pricing

The Company has developed a system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under section 92 – 92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Management is of the opinion that all domestic and international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the financial statement, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxation.

As per our report of even date attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 104607W/W100166

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tata Asset Management Limited

SD/-

Roshni R. Marfatia

Partner

Membership No: 106548



Mumbai
30 April 2018

SD/-

Farokh N. Subedar

Chairman

[DIN : 00028428]



SD/-

Keki M. Elavia

Director

[DIN : 00003940]

SD/-

Hormuz A. Bulsara

CFO & Company Secretary

Mumbai
30 April 2018