

# SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID)



Issue of units at NAV based resale price  
(Face Value of Rs. 10/-)

## TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND

(An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in government securities across maturity. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk).

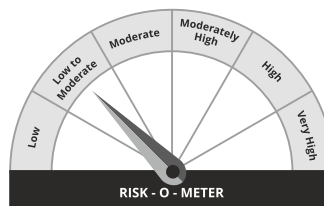
Potential Risk Class			
Credit Risk →	Relatively Low (Class A)	Moderate (Class B)	Relatively High (Class C)
Interest Rate Risk ↓			
Relatively Low (Class I)			
Moderate (Class II)			
Relatively High (Class III)	A-III		

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking\*:

- Long Term Capital Appreciation & Regular Income.
- Predominant investments in Government Securities.

\*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

Scheme Risk O Meter



Investors understand that their principal will be at Low to Moderate Risk

Benchmark Risk O Meter



(It may be noted that risk-o-meter specified above is based on the scheme characteristics. The same shall be updated in accordance with provisions of SEBI circular dated October 5, 2020 on Product labelling in mutual fund schemes on ongoing basis.)

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of TATA Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on [www.tatamutualfund.com](http://www.tatamutualfund.com).

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document (SID)). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated 30 April, 2022

Scheme Opened on	03.08.1999
Scheme Closed on	03.08.1999
Scheme Re-opened on	04.08.1999

Mutual Fund
<b>Tata Mutual Fund</b> 1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

AMC
<b>Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd.</b> 1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 CIN: U65990-MH-1994-PTC-077090

Trustee
<b>Tata Trustee Co. Pvt Ltd.</b> 1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 CIN: U65991-MH-1995-PTC-087722

1903, B Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G Block, BKC, Bandra East, Mumbai – 400 051

Call: (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00 am to 5:30 pm) Fax: (022) 22613782

E-mail: [service@tataamc.com](mailto:service@tataamc.com) Website: [www.tatamutualfund.com](http://www.tatamutualfund.com)

**TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND**

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**HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME**

Name of the Scheme	<b>Tata Gilt Securities Fund (TGSFR)</b>
Type of Scheme	An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in government securities across maturity. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.
Scheme Category	Debt Scheme - Gilt Fund
Investment Objective	The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate medium to long term capital appreciation and income distribution by investing predominantly in Government Securities.
Liquidity	The scheme is open for resale and repurchase of units at NAV based price on every business day on an ongoing basis.
Benchmark	Crisil Dynamic Gilt Index
Transparency of operation / NAV Disclosure	<p>The NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The AMC shall prominently disclose the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund (<a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a>) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India-AMFI (<a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>) by 11 p.m on every Business Day.</p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in user friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for all their schemes on its website <a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a> and on the website of AMFI <a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.</p> <p>In addition to monthly portfolio Tata Mutual Fund shall also disclose fortnight portfolio for debt scheme within 5 days of every fortnight as per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2020/130 dated July 22, 2020.</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered, Tata Mutual Fund shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month /half year respectively.</p> <p>Due to difference in the expense ratio, the NAV of each option of Direct Plan will be different from the NAV of each option of Regular Plan. Similarly, due to IDCW- payout, the NAV of IDCW- Option will be different from the NAV of Growth option.</p>
Load	<p><b>Entry Load:</b> Not Applicable</p> <p><b>Exit Load::</b> NIL</p>
Investment Plans/ Options	<p><b>Regular Plan (For applications routed through Distributors):</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Growth</li> <li>Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option (IDCW)</li> </ol> <p><b>Direct Plan (For applications not routed through Distributors):</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Growth</li> <li>Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option (IDCW)</li> </ol> <p>IDCW option has sub-options of IDCW -Payout &amp; IDCW-Reinvestment.</p> <p><b>Default Option</b></p> <p><b>If Growth or Income Distribution Option is not mentioned: Growth</b></p> <p><b>Default Sub-Option:</b> Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW- Reinvestment)</p>
Minimum Subscription/ Redemption Amount	<p>Minimum initial investment in the scheme / plan / option: Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter. For additional investment Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/-. The additional purchase investment can be made in Growth or IDCW option if initial investments exist under the requested option either in Direct or in Regular plan of the scheme.</p> <p><b>Minimum Redemption amount will be Rs.500 or 50 units or folio available balance (Whichever is lower)</b></p>
Duration of the Scheme	The Scheme, being an open ended in nature, has perpetual duration.

- A Mutual Fund - sponsored by Tata Sons Pvt Limited (TSPL) and Tata Investment Corporation Limited (TICL).
- The Scheme is managed by Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited (TAMPL).
- Earnings of the Fund are exempt from income tax under Section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Notes:

- Investor shall note that when units are sold, and sale price (NAV) is higher than face value of the unit, a portion of sale price that represents realized gains shall be credited to an Equalization Reserve Account and which can be used to pay income distribution cum capital withdrawal. Hence income distribution amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains.

**Default Plan:**

Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan (application not routed through distributor) or Regular Plan (application routed through distributor) " for valid applications received under the scheme:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

**Pursuant to SEBI Circular No Cir/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 w.e.f. 01 October, 2012 the ongoing subscription /switch-in is suspended in the following plan/option of the scheme.**

Retirement Planning Series.

**Note:**

1. All existing SIP/STP & corporate actions like Income Distribution, Reinvestment, Bonus etc. under the options in suspended plans is processed in the same option under the continued plan of the scheme.
2. If fresh subscriptions /switch request is received under any option of the suspended plans, the same will be processed under the same option or other option of the continued plan of the scheme.
3. Where the investor has units in both the suspended & continued plans, then the investor must submit separate redemption / switch request for each plan.

**Currently there is no minimum amount requirement in case unitholder is opting for an all units switch.**

**(B) Additional Details**

- A Mutual Fund - sponsored by Tata Sons Pvt Limited (TSPL) and Tata Investment Corporation Limited (TICL).
- The Scheme is managed by Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited (TAMPL).
- Earning of the Fund totally exempt from income tax under Section 10 (23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- Eligible for investment by banks, financial institutions, bodies corporate, individual investors, etc.
- **Interpretation**  
For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document (SID), except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:
  - The terms defined in this SID includes the plural as well as the singular.
  - Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
  - The term "Scheme" refers to all the Plans & Options e.g. Growth Option and Income Distribution Option (IDCW) including sub-options thereunder.

**I. INTRODUCTION**

**A. RISK FACTORS**

**STANDARD RISK FACTORS**

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuate, the value of your investment in the scheme may go up or down.
- Mutual fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.
- Mutual Funds and securities investments are subject to market risks and there can be no assurance and no guarantee that the Scheme(s) will achieve its objective.
- As with any investment in stocks, shares and securities, the NAV of the Units under this Scheme can go up or down, depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- Past performance of the previous Schemes, the Sponsors or its Group / Affiliates / AMC / Mutual Fund is not indicative of and does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme(s).
- The sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operations of the scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1 lakh

made by them towards setting up of the mutual fund.

- Tata Gilt Securities Fund is only the name of the Scheme and does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Schemes, its future prospects or the returns. Investors therefore are urged to study the terms of the Offer carefully and consult their tax and Investment Advisor before they invest in the Scheme.
- Tata Gilt Securities Fund is not guaranteed or assured return scheme.

### **SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS**

#### **Liquidity and Settlement Risks**

Low trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the scheme's investments. Transacting may become difficult due to extreme volatility in the market resulting in constriction in volumes. Additionally, changes in the SEBI/ RBI regulations/Guidelines may have an adverse impact on the liquidity of the scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods, and such period may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.

#### **Investment Risks**

The value of, and income from, an investment in the Scheme can decrease as well as increase, depending on a variety of factors which may affect the values and income generated by the Scheme's portfolio of securities. The returns of the Scheme's investments are based on the current yields of the securities, which may be affected generally by factors affecting capital markets such as price and volume, volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, foreign investment, changes in Government and Reserve Bank of India policy, taxation, political, economic or other developments, closure of the Stock Exchanges etc. Investors should understand that the investment pattern indicated, in line with prevailing market conditions, is only a hypothetical example as all investments involve risk and there is no assurance that the Scheme's investment objective will be attained or that the Scheme be in a position to maintain the model percentage of investment pattern particularly under exceptional circumstances.

The type of securities in which the scheme would invest in carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern.

The scheme may use techniques and instruments for efficient portfolio management and to attempt to hedge or reduce the risk of such fluctuations. However these techniques and instruments if imperfectly used have the risk of the scheme incurring losses due to mismatches particularly in a volatile market. The Fund's ability to use these techniques may be limited by market conditions, regulatory limits and tax considerations (if any). The use of these techniques is dependent on the ability to predict movements in the prices of securities being hedged and movements in interest rates. There exists an imperfect correlation between the hedging instruments and the securities or market sectors being hedged. Besides, the fact that skills needed to use these instruments are different from those needed to select the Fund's / Scheme's securities. There is a possible absence of a liquid market for any particular instrument at any particular time even though the futures and options may be bought and sold on an organised exchange. The use of these techniques involves possible impediments to effective portfolio management or the ability to meet repurchase / redemption requests or other short-term obligations because of the percentage of the Scheme's assets segregated to cover its obligations.

#### **Securities Lending by the Mutual Fund**

The Scheme may participate in securities lending and borrowing scheme in accordance with Securities Lending Scheme, 1997, Regulation 44 (4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds ) Regulations ,1996, SEBI circular no MFD/CIR/01/047/99 dated February 10, 1999,framework for short selling and borrowing and lending of securities notified by SEBI circular no MRD/DoP/SE/Cir-14/2007 dated 20, 2007 and SEBI circular no SEBI / IMD / CIR No 14 / 187175/ 2009 dated December 15, 2009. The scheme shall also follow other relevant regulations /guidelines issued by stock exchange(s) from time to time. The scheme shall participate in Securities Borrowing and Lending only with the SEBI approved intermediaries.

Securities lending means the lending of securities to SEBI approved intermediaries for a fixed period of time at a negotiated compensation in order to enhance returns of the scheme portfolio. The securities lent will be returned by the borrower on the expiry of the stipulated period. The AMC will adhere to the following strict internal limits should it engage in Securities Lending.

Not more than 25% of the net assets of the scheme can generally be deployed in stock lending & single intermediary limit is 5%. Collateral would always be obtained by the approved intermediary. Collateral value would always be more than the value of the security lent. Collateral can be in form of cash, bank guarantee, and government securities, as may be agreed upon with the approved intermediary, and would also be subject to a mark to market valuation on a daily basis.

#### **Example:**

A fund has a Central Government Security (G- Sec) which it would wish to hold for a long period of time as a core holding in the portfolio as per the fund manager's plan. In that case the investors shall be benefited only to the extent of the rise in the value of the G-Sec, from time to time if any, on the exchange. If the fund lends the said security to a borrower who wants to take an advantage of the market fluctuations in its price. The borrower would return the security to the lender (scheme) at a stipulated time or on demand for a negotiated compensation. The fund's unitholders can enhance their returns to the extent of the compensation it will earn for lending the same. An adequate security or collateral will have to be maintained by the intermediary. This should always be higher than the cost of the security. Thus it is in the interest of the investors that returns can be enhanced by way of stock lending rather than hold the security only for capital appreciation potential.

Thus the scenario under which the fund would participate in stock lending would be:

1. There is a holding of security e.g. 500 units of G-sec in the fund which the fund manager wants to be the core holding of the scheme for approximately 6 to 12 months.
2. There is a borrower (not mutual fund) for the security, (who has taken a short position in the market and needs G-sec to settle it) who is willing to put up a proper collateral for the same.(In all cases higher than the price of the script).

3. The borrower is represented by a proper recognized intermediary.
4. The agreement is to return the security or the amount so negotiated at a particular period of time or on demand.

Then the security will be lent by the fund and the unitholders would benefit from the additional compensation earned for lending, apart from the capital appreciation which also happens in that stock. Thus, to summarize, stock lending would be done by the scheme only in the following circumstances:

- a) If permitted by trustees and the extent SEBI regulations in that regard, from time to time.
- b) If such activity generates additional returns for the scheme and helps to enhance the scheme returns.
- c) If considering the above and other factors all considered in totality, such activity is in the interest of unitholders in the scheme.

**Securities Lending Risks**

It may be noted that this activity would have the inherent probability of collateral value drastically falling in times of strong downward market trends, rendering the value of collateral inadequate until such time as that diminution in value is replenished by additional security. It is also possible that the borrowing party and/or the approved intermediary may suddenly suffer severe business setback and become unable to honour its commitments. This, along with a simultaneous fall in value of collateral would render potential loss to the Scheme. Besides, there is also temporary illiquidity of the securities that are lent out and the scheme will not be able to sell such lent out securities until they are returned.

As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lenders of securities i.e. the scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary.

**Interest Rate Risk**

This risk results from changes in demand and supply for money and other macroeconomic factors and creates price changes in the value of debt instruments. Consequently, the Net Asset Value of the scheme may be subject to fluctuation. Changes in the interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby possible movements in the NAV. This may expose the scheme to possible capital erosion.

**Credit Risk**

Credit risk or Default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e. the issuer will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Due to Credit risk, money market instruments are sold at a higher yield compared to Government Securities of similar tenure which are sovereign and free of credit risk. Normally, the value of fixed income securities will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk.

**Reinvestment Risk**

This risk refers to the difference in the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the scheme is reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows are reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.

**Risk associated with potential change in Tax structure**

This summary of tax implications given in the taxation section (Units and Offer Section III) is based on the current provisions of the applicable tax laws. This information is provided for general purpose only. The current taxation laws may change due to change in the 'Income Tax Act 1961' or any subsequent changes/amendments in Finance Act/Rules/Regulations. Any change may entail a higher outgo to the scheme or to the investors by way of securities transaction taxes, fees, taxes etc. thus adversely impacting the scheme and its returns.

**Risks associated with Derivatives**

- Derivative products are leverage instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investors. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the Fund Manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Fund Manager involved uncertainty and decision of Fund Manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the Fund Manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks and bonds. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative add to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price of securities being hedged and interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counterparty") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments".
- The scheme may invest in floating rate instruments and / or interest rate derivatives. The duration of these instruments is linked to the interest rate reset period. The interest rate risk in a floating rate instrument or in a fixed rate instrument hedged with derivatives is likely to be lesser than that in an equivalent maturity fixed rate instrument. Under some market circumstances the volatility may be of an order greater than what

may ordinarily be expected considering only its duration. Hence investors are recommended to consider the unadjusted portfolio maturity of the scheme as well and exercise adequate due diligence when deciding to make their investments.

**Risks associated with investing in Securities Segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement:**

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

**Risks associated with Segregated Portfolio**

Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.

Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realise any value.

Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

**Risks associated with Imperfect Hedging using Interest Rate Futures (IRF)**

Liquidity/execution risk – IRF are relatively new instruments traded on the exchanges and don't have as much liquidity as the OTC market in the underlying bond. This could expose the hedge to liquidity (execution and wider bid-offer spread) risk and associated impact cost.

Spread risk – The IRF is based on government securities and treasury bills. Imperfect hedging can be applied on portfolios comprised of corporate bonds as well. Corporate bond yield theoretically comprises of the risk free rate and a credit spread. IRF would hedge out only the risk free rate. Any compression/expansion of credit spread of the underlying portfolio would not be hedged by the IRF.

Yield curve slope risk – The IRF hedge is done on a modified duration basis. This means that the maturity of the underlying instrument and the maturity of the IRF could be different. The hedge ratio is arrived at using the prescribed formula. This hedges the risk arising from a parallel shift in the yield curve. Any change in the slope of the yield curve (flattening/steepening) remains unhedged as residual risk.

Unwinding risk— An unexpected change in market conditions may require unwinding the derivative positions at disadvantageous prices during periods of heightened volatility e.g. if the yields slide lower due to a surprise RBI rate cut, participants with short Interest Rate Futures positions would seek to cut their losses and exit, leading to an increase in the price of the IRF, and negative price impact on the hedged portfolio there from.

Correlation risk – As per the extant regulation, the IRF has to have a 0.90 correlation coefficient with the underlying bond/portfolio, for the past 90 days, to be considered for imperfect hedging. If the correlation deteriorates going forward, the hedge may have to be rebalanced with attendant impact costs.

**Credit Evaluation Process for the investments in Debt Securities:**

In-house credit evaluation team has the necessary capability of conducting independent due diligences of credit risk. From credit evaluation perspective, companies are broadly classified under two sectors - Industrials and Financial Institutions. Industrials include Manufacturing and trading companies, while Financial Institutions include Banks and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs). The set of parameters for evaluation of credits for these sectors are different.

Broad guidelines for the appraisal of Industrials for short-term and long-term exposure include, but are not restricted to:

- External Ratings threshold: Investment is made only if the issuer credit rating is at least 'investment grade' (BBB- or above) for Long-term debt by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI. In the short-term, investment is made in top notch (A1+ or equivalent) rated debt instruments. However this is subject to review from time to time and investment committee / Board of AMC approval is required for any exception.
- Each company is internally appraised based on various parameters including, but not restricted to:
  - Business Fundamentals: Product/Service offerings, Market Position, Competitive Landscape, and Product cycle etc.
  - Regulatory environment: Support/intervention, developmental stage of industry, level of regulation
  - Financial Analysis: Margins, Profitability, Leverage, Working Capital requirement and cycle, Cash-flows etc. This is also seen in light of historic trend
  - Management Track Record: Management track record, performance of company through economic cycle, promoters' background, other group companies.
  - Macro-Economic Environment: Economic cycle, Credit cycle

In the short-term, the focus is more on the working capital cycle, near-term cash-flows and existing business position, while in the long-term the focus is more on the outlook of the business, capital expenditure program, profitability etc.

The credit evaluation policy is subject to review from time to time. Any material change in the credit evaluation policy will be updated by way of an addendum to the scheme information document. The asset allocation among the various debt securities will be decided based upon the prevailing market conditions, macroeconomic environment and the performance of corporate sector, the debt market and other considerations.

**Risk mitigation measure for debt & related investments:**

Type of Risk	Measures
Liquidity Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Focus on good quality paper at the time of portfolio construction</li> <li>• Portfolio exposure spread over various maturity buckets to in line with expected outflow</li> <li>• Use of exit load to restrict redemption in short period</li> <li>• Maintenance of certain amount of liquidity to meet unexpected redemption.</li> <li>• Borrowing arrangement with Banks to meet unexpected high redemption.</li> </ul>
Credit Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Government dated securities with near zero default risk</li> </ul>
Interest Rate Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Close watch on the market events</li> <li>• Active duration management</li> <li>• Cap on Average Portfolio maturity depending upon the scheme objective and strategy</li> <li>• Portfolio exposure spread over various maturities</li> </ul>
Regulatory Risk	Online monitoring of various exposure limits by the Front Office System Also as a backup, manual control are also implemented.

**B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME**

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. The two conditions mentioned above shall be complied with on a calendar quarter basis, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. However, in case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors, on an average basis, in the stipulated period (i.e. during the concerned calendar quarter), the provisions of Regulation 39(2) (c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

**C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Investors are urged to study the terms of the SID carefully before investing in this Scheme, and to retain this SID for future reference. The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.

Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, on failure to provide required documentation, information, etc. by the unit holder the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to FIU\_IND and / or to freeze the folios of the investor(s), reject any application(s) / allotment of units.

**Tax Consequences**

Redemption by the unitholders due to change in the fundamental attribute (if any, in future) of the scheme or due to any other reason may entail tax consequences for which the Trustees, AMC, Fund their Directors / employees shall not be liable.

**Disclosure / Disclaimer**

To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors of the Trustee Company, information contained in this SID is in accordance with the SEBI Regulations and facts and does not omit anything likely to have a material impact on the importance of such information.

Neither this SID nor the Units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this SID are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. No persons receiving a copy of this SID or any accompanying application form in any such jurisdiction may treat this SID or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for Units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly, this SID does not constitute an offer or solicitation to anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. It is the responsibility of any persons in possession of this SID and any persons wishing to apply for Units pursuant to this SID to inform themselves of, and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction.

Prospective investors should review / study this SID carefully and in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial / investment matters and are advised to consult their own professional



advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the subscription, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of Units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalisation, capital gains, any distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalisation, disposal (sale, transfer, switch, redemption or conversion into money) of Units within their jurisdiction of nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any jurisdiction to which they or any managed funds to be used to purchase/gift Units are subject, and (also) to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing / gifting to, purchasing or holding Units before making an application for Units.

No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations not confirmed in this SID in connection with the new fund offer / Subsequent Offer of Units, and any information or representations not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund or the Asset Management Company or the Trustee Company. Statements made in this SID are based on the law and practice currently in force in India and are subject to change therein. Neither the delivery of this SID nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any impression that the information herein continues to remain true and is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the SID the provisions of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 and guidelines thereunder shall be applicable. The Trustee Company would be required to adopt / follow any regulatory changes by SEBI / RBI etc. and /or all circulars / guidelines received from AMFI from time to time if and from the date as applicable. The Trustee Company in such a case would be obliged to modify / alter any provisions / terms of the SID during / after the launch of the scheme by following the prescribed procedures in this regard.

**Other Business Activities of AMC:**

AMC has obtained registration from SEBI vide Registration No. INP000001058 dated September 14, 2004 to act as a Portfolio Manager under SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993. AMC has appointed separate Fund Manager(s) for the same and back office is also segregated from Mutual Fund Back Office.

AMC managing schemes of Tata Alternative Investment Fund (Alternative Investment Fund-Category II & Category III). AMC has appointed separate Fund Manager(s) for the same and back office is also segregated from Mutual Fund Back Office.

AMC has obtained no objection from SEBI for providing investment advisory service and investment management services to Offshore Funds. These funds are registered with SEBI as Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs). In terms of Regulation 24 (b) (vi) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 there is no need to appoint separate fund manager for managing these offshore funds.

Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd. has also received no objection to investment management services through its subsidiary company Tata Pension Management Ltd under regulation 24(2) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations,1996. Tata Pension Management Limited is in the process of setting up pension fund. Since the investment activities of Pension Funds will managed by a separate Fund Manager, there will not be any conflict with investment activities of Tata Mutual fund.

AMC has implemented necessary controls to avoid conflicts of interest in managing above activities.

All other business activities mentioned above will be explicitly forbidden from the acquisition of any asset out of the assets of the mutual fund scheme which involves the assumption of any liability which is unlimited or shall not result in encumbrance of the assets of the mutual fund scheme in any way and also should not affect the net worth requirements of Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited for mutual fund operation.

**D. DEFINITIONS & ABBREVIATION**

1.	“Business Day”	A day other than <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Saturday and Sunday</li> <li>• a day on which the Banks in Mumbai and/or RBI are closed for business/clearing</li> <li>• a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the AMC</li> <li>• a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes etc.</li> </ul> <p>The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centres. In such circumstances notice will be uploaded on the AMC website i.e www.tatamutualfund.com.</p>
2.	“Business Hours”	Business hours are from 10.00 A.M. to 3.00 P.M. on any Business Day.
3.	“BSE’ / “NSE”	Bombay Stock Exchange Limited / National Stock Exchange of India Limited
4.	“Calendar Year”	A Calendar Year shall be 12 full English Calendar months commencing from 1st January and ending on 31 <sup>st</sup> December.
5.	“Custodian”	Standard Chartered Bank, a bank incorporated in London with limited liability and includes its successors.
6.	“Day”	Any day as per English Calendar viz. 365 days in a year.
7.	“Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option”	Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW-Payout) Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW-Reinvestment) Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (IDCW-Transfer)

**TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND**

8.	“Entry Load”	Amount that is paid by the investors at the time of entry / subscription into the scheme
9.	“Exit Load”	Amount that is paid by the investors at the time of exit / redemption from the scheme.
10.	“Financial Year”	A Financial Year shall be 12 full English Calendar months commencing from 1st April and ending on 31 <sup>st</sup> March.
11.	“Gilt/Government Securities”	Securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or State Government
12.	“Group”	“Group” means a group as defined in clause (b) of the Explanation to Section 5 of the Competition Act, 2002 (12 of 2003)”
13.	“IMA”	Investment Management Agreement dated 9th May, 1995, as amended from time to time, between the TTCPL & TAMPL.
14.	“Main Portfolio”	The term ‘main portfolio’ shall mean the scheme portfolio excluding the segregated portfolio.
15.	“Investor”	An investor means any resident or non-resident person whether individual or not (legal entity), who is eligible to subscribe units under the laws of his/her/their country of incorporation, establishment, citizenship, residence or domicile and under the Income Tax Act, 1961 including amendments thereto from time to time and who has made an application for subscribing units under the Scheme. Under normal circumstances, a Unitholder shall be deemed to be the investor.
16.	“Net Asset Value” or “NAV”	(a) In case of winding up of the Fund: In respect of an Unit, the amount that would be payable to the holder of that Unit on any date if the fund were to be wound up and its assets distributed on that date (valuing assets and liabilities in accordance with the normal accounting policies of the Fund, but ignoring net distributable income of the current financial year and winding up expenses). (b) Daily for Ongoing Sale/Redemption/ Switch: In respect of a Unit, the amount that would be payable by/to the investor / holder of that Unit on any Valuation date by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of outstanding Units on the Valuation date.
17.	“Net Assets”	Net Assets of the Scheme / Plan at any time shall be the value of the Fund’s total assets less its liabilities taking into consideration the accruals and the provisions at that time.
18.	“Non- Resident Indian” / NRI	A person resident outside India who is a citizen of India or is a person of Indian origin as per the meaning assigned to the term under Foreign Exchange Management (Investment in firm or proprietary concern in India) Regulations, 2000.
19.	“Permissible Investments”	Investments made on account of the Unitholders of the Scheme in securities and assets in accordance with the SEBI Regulations.
20.	“Portfolio”	Portfolio at any time shall include all Permissible Investments and Cash.
21.	“Regulations”	This includes Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, Income Tax Act, 1961, Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, Indian Stamp Act, 1899, The Bombay Stamp Act, 1956, Public Debt Act 1944, various regulations notified SEBI from time to time, the relevant notifications of the Government of India Ministry of Finance Department of Revenue, (Central Board of Direct Taxes and shall also include any Circulars, Press Releases or Notifications that may be issued by SEBI or the Government of India or the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
22.	“Resident”	A resident means any person resident in India under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and under the Income Tax Act, 1961, including amendments thereto from time to time.
23.	“Scheme”	Tata Gilt Securities Fund (including Plans and Options thereunder), referred to as as “the Scheme”
24.	“SEBI”	Securities & Exchange Board of India established under the Securities & Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
25.	“SEBI Regulations”	The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time and shall also include any Mutual Fund Regulations, Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications that may be issued by SEBI or the Government of India to regulate the activities and growth of Mutual funds.
26.	“Segregated Portfolio”	The term ‘segregated portfolio’ shall mean a portfolio, comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event, that has been segregated in a mutual fund scheme.
27.	“SID”	Scheme Information Document
28.	“SAI”	Statement of Additional Information
29.	“SIP”	Systematic Investment Plan, a facility to invest systematically (daily/weekly/monthly / quarterly / half-yearly / yearly) in the scheme.

## TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND

30.	“SWP”	Systematic Withdrawal Plan, a facility to redeem systematically (daily/weekly/monthly / quarterly / half-yearly / yearly) from the scheme.
31.	“STP”	Systematic Transfer Plan, a facility to switch money / investment from this scheme to other scheme(s) of Tata Mutual Fund, systematically (daily/weekly/monthly / quarterly / half-yearly / yearly
32.	“TAMPL”	Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited, the Asset Management Company (AMC), a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) and includes its successors and permitted assigns.
33.	“TICL”	Tata Investment Corporation Limited, a sponsor of the TMF and a shareholder of TAMPL, a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1913 and includes its successors and permitted assigns.
34.	“TMF” or “Fund”	Tata Mutual Fund, a trust established under a Trust Deed dated 9th May, 1995, under the provisions of The Indian Trusts Act, 1882, bearing SEBI registration No. MF/023/95/9.
35.	“Total Assets”	Total Assets of the Scheme at any time shall be the total value of the Schemes assets taking into consideration the accruals.
36.	“Trust Deed”	The Trust Deed of the Mutual Fund dated 9th May, 1995, as amended from time to time, made between TSL and TICL as the settlors, and TTCPL as the Trustee.
37.	“Total Portfolio”	The term ‘total portfolio’ shall mean the scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event.
38.	“TSPL”	Tata Sons Pvt Limited, a sponsor of TMF and a shareholder of TAMPL, a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1913 and includes its successors and permitted assigns.
39.	“TTCPL or Trustee Company”	Tata Trustee Company Pvt Limited, a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1956 and includes its successors and permitted assigns.
40.	“Unitholder”	An Unitholder means any resident or non-resident person whether individual or not (legal entity), who is eligible to subscribe to the Scheme and who has been allotted Units under the Scheme based on a valid application.
41.	“Units”	The security representing the interests of the Unitholders in the Scheme. Each Unit represents one undivided share in the assets of the Scheme as evidenced by any letter/ advice or any other statement / instrument issued by TMF.
42.	“Year”	A Year shall be 12 full English Calendar months.

### E. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The following Due Diligence Certificate has been submitted to SEBI:

It is confirmed that:

- (i) the Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) all legal requirements connected with the running of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme.
- (iv) the intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

For Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 29.04.2022

**Parvez M Pochkhanawala**  
Compliance Officer

## II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

### A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in government securities across maturity.

A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.

### B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate medium to long term capital appreciation and income distribution by investing predominantly in Government Securities.

However, there is no guarantee or assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved. The scheme doesn't assure or guarantee any returns.

### C. ASSET ALLOCATION AND RISK PROFILE

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocation (% of net assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	High /Medium /Low
Government Securities	80%	100%	Low
Money Market Instruments	0%	20%	Low to Medium

The scheme will have a maximum derivative net position of 50% of the net asset of the scheme.

The Scheme will comply with all the applicable circulars issued by SEBI as regard to derivatives viz. SEBI Circular no. SEBI/MFD/CIR No. 03/ 158 /03 dated June 10, 2003, no. DNP/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 9/108562/07 dated November 16,2007, no. Cir/IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010 & SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109 dated September 27,2017. The cumulative gross exposure through debt securities and debt derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Cash equivalent means Government Securities, T-Bills & Repo on Government Securities.

Not more than 25% of the net assets of the scheme shall be deployed in securities lending and single intermediary limit is 5%.

Placement of the scheme in one of the cells of PRC matrix does not reflect the scheme holdings pertaining to the perpetual bonds with respect to the Modified Duration and maturity thresholds specified in SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-II DOF3/P/CIR/2021/573 June 07, 2021, till the time such bonds are held by the scheme, for pre-existing holding of aforementioned perpetual bonds by debt schemes.

The AMC may from time to time pending investment in government securities for a short term period on defensive consideration invest upto 100% of the funds available in overnight repos, the primary motive being to protect the Net Asset Value of the Scheme and protect unitholders interest so also to earn reasonable returns on liquid funds maintained for redemption/repurchase of units.

### Change in Investment Pattern

Asset Allocation pattern may be deviated from time to time. Similarly, positioning of PRC of the scheme may be changed temporarily to higher risk cell due to price movements, rating changes, investment actions etc. In case of any deviation of asset allocation pattern or temporary change of positioning of PRC to higher risk cell, the AMC will endeavor to rebalance the same within a period of 30 Days. In case deviation in asset allocation or temporary change in positioning of PRC to higher risk cell is not rebalanced within the period of 30 days, then justification for such delay in rebalancing shall be placed before the investment committee and the reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee shall then decide on the course of action. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

### Comparison with Other Schemes :

Tata Gilt Securities Fund is an open ended debt fund predominantly invest in Government Securities. The Scheme can invest predominantly in Gilt Securities of varied maturities and there is no cap or floor on maturity of Gilt Security. **At present we do not have any other similar scheme in this category. However, the scheme is different from other existing open ended debt schemes of Tata Mutual Fund as shown below:**

Scheme Name	Comparison with existing schemes of Tata Mutual Fund	AUM (Rs. Crore) as on 31.3.2022	No of Folios as on 31.03.2022
<b>Tata Treasury Advantage Fund (The scheme had one segregated portfolio)</b>	An open ended low duration debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of portfolio is between 6 months and 12 months. The investment strategy of the scheme is to generate regular income and capital appreciation by investing in a portfolio of debt and money market instruments with relatively lower interest rate risk. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	2346.85	8380

**TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND**

<b>Tata Short Term Bond Fund (The scheme had one segregated portfolio created under Tata Corporate Bond Fund)</b>	An open ended short term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of portfolio is between 1 year and 3 years. The investment objective is to generate regular income/appreciation over a short term period. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	2400.82	13196
<b>Tata Income Fund</b>	An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 4 year and 7 years. The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide income distribution/ capital appreciation over medium to long term. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	54.32	3248
<b>Tata Medium Term Fund (The scheme had one segregated portfolio)</b>	An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years. The investment objective of the scheme is to generate income and capital appreciation over a medium term. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	83.46	1432
<b>Tata Dynamic Bond Fund</b>	An open ended dynamic debt scheme investing across duration. The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide reasonable returns & high level of liquidity by investing in debt instruments including bonds, debentures & Government securities; & money market instruments such as treasury bills, commercial papers, certificates of deposit, repos of different maturities & as permitted by regulation so as to spread the risk across different kinds of issuers in the debt markets. As per the investment strategy scheme can dynamically switch the maturity profile from long to short & vice versa in short period of time. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	168.62	3099
<b>Tata Gilt Securities Fund</b>	An open ended debt fund predominantly invest in Government Securities(80%-100%). The Scheme can invest predominantly in Gilt Securities of varied maturities and there is no cap or floor on maturity of Gilt Security. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	214.64	1456
<b>Tata Money Market Fund</b>	An open ended Money market scheme. As per the terms of the Scheme Information Document (SID), the scheme will invest 100% of its net assets in Money Market Instruments having residual maturity upto1 year. The Primary objective of the Scheme is to generate returns with reasonable liquidity to the unitholders by investing in money market instruments. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	7691.86	8244
<b>Tata Ultra Short-Term Fund</b>	An open ended ultra-Short-term Debt Scheme. As per the terms of the scheme information document (SID), the scheme will invest 100% of its net assets in debt & money market instrument such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is between 3 months - 6 months. The Primary objective of the scheme is to generate regular returns over short term to the unitholders. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	1333.33	15352
<b>Tata Overnight Fund</b>	An open ended Debt scheme investing in Overnight Securities. As per the terms of the scheme information document (SID), The scheme will invest 100% of its net assets in debt and money market instruments having maturity of up to 1 business day. The primary objective of the scheme is to generate reasonable returns in line with overnight rates and high liquidity over short-term to the unit holders. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	2703.68	2048
<b>Tata Liquid Fund</b>	An Open Ended Liquid Fund scheme. The Scheme can invest 100 % of its net assets in debt and money market instruments having maturity upto 91 days. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme in the liquid Fund Category.</b>	14592.96	38380
<b>Tata Banking &amp; PSU Debt Fund</b>	An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in debt & money market securities issued by Banks, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Public Financial Institutions (PFIs)and Municipal Bonds. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	308.00	5214
<b>Tata Floating Rate Fund</b>	An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in floating rate instruments (including fixed rate instruments converted to floating rate exposures using swaps/ derivatives) <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme.</b>	512.03	6656
<b>Tata Corporate Bond Fund</b>	An open-ended debt scheme predominantly investing in AA+ & above rated corporate bonds, with flexibility of any Macaulay Duration & relatively high interest rate risk & moderate credit risk. <b>At present we do not have other similar scheme</b>	294.52	4498

**Overview of Debt Market:**

The major players in the Indian Debt Markets are today are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly categorized as those issued by corporate, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state/central governments. The risk associated with any investments are – credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities are perceived to have zero credit risk. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The liquidity risk in corporate securities market is higher compared to those of government securities. Liquidity in the corporate debt market has been improving due to the entry of more players and due to various measures taken by the regulators in this direction over a period of time. SEBI's directive of a compulsory rating by a rating agency for any [public issuance over 18 months

is a case in point. In times to come, dematerialization, entry of private insurance companies and growth of fixed income mutual funds are expected to enhance liquidity in corporate debt market.

The following table attempts to give a broad overview of the available instruments in the financial markets and their risk return profile. The data given in the table is based on market conditions around the date of the Scheme Information Document and can at best be considered indicative:

**Expected Yields on Debt Securities**

Issuer	Instruments	Maturity	Yields (%) as on 31.3.2022
GOI	T-Bill	91 days	3.77
GOI	T-Bill	364 days	4.57
GOI	Short dated	1-3 yrs	5.73
GOI	Long dated	3-5 yrs	6.33
Repo		1-3 days	3.65

**D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST**

The scheme will invest in following instruments:

- Sovereign securities issued by the Central Government and/ or state Government and/or any security guaranteed by the Government of India. This includes Treasury Bills and Cash Management Bills and other securities classified as Government Securities by Government of India or Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- Money Market Instruments like Commercial Paper, Certificate of Deposit, Treasury Bills, Tri-Party Repo on CCIL platform with Government Securities as collateral, Reverse Repo in Government Securities. and short term debt instruments etc. issued by various Corporates, Government - State or Central, Public Sector Undertakings,
- Derivative instruments like interest rate swaps, forward rate agreement, interest rate futures and such other derivative instruments as permitted by the SEBI / RBI from time to time.

The scheme is permitted to invest in securities mentioned above and such other securities which is permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time which could be listed or to be listed, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings, secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. For providing ongoing liquidity & preservation of capital, some amount of the scheme's investment may be in Money Market Instruments, Tri-party Repo. Even though the Government Securities market is liquid compared to other debt instruments, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through. For the possible impact on liquidity of the Scheme, which might be experienced due to market risks. Please refer to the Clause "on "Liquidity & Settlement Risks" under specific Risk Factors to understand the liquidity risk associated with debt securities. The money collected under this Scheme shall be invested predominantly in Government securities and money market instruments.

The scheme will have a maximum derivative net position of 50% of the net asset of the scheme. The cumulative gross exposure through debt securities and debt derivative positions shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Investment in Derivatives shall be in compliance with guidelines of SEBI including SEBI circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010 & SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109 dated September 27,2017.

As per clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.

Fresh investment in perpetual bonds (including additional Tier 1 bonds) can only be made in scheme, as it is placing itself in Class III of the Potential Risk Matrix (PRC).

Apart from Central Government Securities, the scheme may invest in securities of those emerging growth states believed by the Asset Management Company to offer appreciation potential greater than the growth of other relevant States. The Scheme may purchase securities in the public offerings, as well as those traded in the secondary markets. On occasions, if deemed appropriate, the Scheme may also participate in auction of government securities.

**The above investment policies are in conformity with the provisions of various constitutional documents viz. MOA/ AOA of the TAMPL/ Trustee Company, IMA and the Trust Deed.**

**E. THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES**

The scheme shall invest predominantly in Government securities and Money Market instruments. Even though the Government Securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments. On occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when unusually large transaction has to be put through. The possible impact on liquidity of the scheme which might be experienced due to market risk

The Scheme will study the macro economic conditions, including the political, economic environment and factors affecting Liquidity and interest rates. The Scheme would use this analysis to attempt to predict the likely direction of interest rates and position the portfolio appropriately to take advantage of the same. The Scheme will purchase securities in the public offerings, as well as those traded in the secondary markets. On occasions, if deemed appropriate, the Scheme may also participate in auction of Government Securities. The Scheme would invest in Money Market instruments based on various criteria like sound professional management, track record, industry scenario, growth prospectus, liquidity of the securities, etc. and rated by a recognized authority like CRISIL, ICRA Limited, CARE etc. In case of investments in debt instruments that are not rated, specific approval of the Board of AMC and Trustee Company ("Board") will be taken except in case of Government Securities being sovereign bonds. However, in case of investment in unrated securities prior Board approval is not necessary if investment is within the parameters as stipulated by the Board.

**Trading in Derivatives**

Subject to SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme may use techniques and instruments such as trading in derivative instruments to hedge the risk of fluctuations in the value of the investment portfolio. The Scheme shall enter into derivative transactions for the purpose of trading, hedging and portfolio balancing. In accordance with the guidelines issued by the SEBI. Exposure to derivative instruments will be restricted to the limit as specified along with the asset allocation pattern of the scheme.

A derivative is an instrument whose value is derived from the value of one or more of the underlying assets which can be commodities, precious metals, bonds, currency, etc. Common examples of Derivative instruments are Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Futures, Options, etc.

**Debt Derivatives**

Subject to SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, The Scheme may invest in Derivative Instruments to the extent permitted under SEBI Circulars DNP/D/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, CIR/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010 & SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109 dated September 27,2017.

For other option contracts, the total exposure related to option premium paid will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

Exposure due to hedging positions shall not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:

1. Hedging positions are the derivatives positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till existing position remains.
2. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall have to be added and treated under the limits mentioned above.
3. Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
4. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

In order to reduce interest rate risk, the Fund may hedge the portfolio or part of the portfolio (including one or more securities) on weighted average modified duration basis by using Interest Rate Futures (IRFs). The maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRFs to hedge interest rate risk of the portfolio or part of the portfolio, is as per the formula given below:

$$\frac{(\text{Portfolio Modified Duration} \times \text{Market Value of the Portfolio})}{(\text{Futures Modified Duration} \times \text{Futures Price/PAR})}$$

In case IRF contract has different underlying security(s) than the existing position being hedged, it would result in imperfect hedging. Imperfect edging using IRFs is exempted from the gross exposure, up to maximum of 20% of the net assets of the scheme, subject to following conditions:

1. Exposure to IRFs is created only for hedging the interest rate risk based on the weighted average modified duration of the bond portfolio or part of the portfolio.
2. Imperfect hedging is permitted without it being considered under the gross exposure limits, if and only if, the correlation between the portfolio or part of the portfolio (excluding the hedged portions, if any) and the IRF is at least 0.9 at the time of initiation of hedge. In case of any subsequent deviation from the correlation criteria, the same may be rebalanced within 5 working days and if not rebalanced within the timeline, the derivative positions created for hedging shall be considered under the gross exposure. The correlation should be calculated for a period of last 90 days.
3. The portion of imperfect hedging in excess of 20% of the net assets of the scheme should be considered as creating exposure and shall be included in the computation of cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions which should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.
4. At no point of time, the net modified duration of part of the portfolio being hedged should be negative.

The Mutual Fund may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if mutual funds are transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable

**Definition of Exposure in case of Derivative Positions**

Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price*Lot Size*Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price*Lot Size* Number of Contracts
Option Bought	Option Premium Paid*Lot Size* Number of Contracts.

**Derivative Instruments & Related Examples:**

The scheme may use fixed income derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time and as may be permitted under the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations

**Interest Rate Swaps(IRS):** An Interest Rate Swap is an agreement whereby two parties agree to exchange periodic interest payments. The amount of interest payments exchanged is based on some predetermined principal, called notional principal amount. The amount each counterparty pays to the other upon periodic interest rate multiplied by the notional principal amount. The only amount that is exchanged between the parties is the interest payment, not the notional principal amount.

**Example: Use of IRS**

The Plans of the fund are reasonably invested, and the view of the fund manager is interest rates are expected to move up due to certain negative events which have occurred. In such cases the plans can enter into a paid position (IRS) where the plans will pay a fixed rate for a specified maturity and receive the floating rate of interest. This is illustrated below:

**Example A: Use of IRS**

Assuming the Scheme is having 10% of the portfolio in cash. The fund manager has a view that the interest rate scenario is bearish and call rates are likely to spurt over the next three months. The fund manager would therefore prefer to pay fixed rate of return on his cash, which he is lending in the overnight call market. In other words, he would like to move to a 91 days floating interest rate from overnight fixed rate.

1. Say Notional Amount: Rs. 2 crores
2. Benchmark: NSE MIBOR
3. Tenor: 91 Days
4. Fixed Rate: 9.90%
5. At the end of 91 days;
6. The Scheme pays: fixed rates for 91 days is 9.90%
7. TMF receives: compounded call rate at 10.25% for 91 days.

In practice, however the difference of the two amounts is settled. Here the Scheme receives Rs.  $2,00,00,000 \times 0.35\% \times 91 / 365 = 17,452$ . The players in IRS are scheduled commercial banks, primary dealers, corporate, mutual funds and All India Financial Institutions.

In view of the fund manager interest rates are expected to move down due to certain positive events which have occurred. In such cases the scheme can enter into a received position (IRS) where the scheme will receive a fixed rate for a specified maturity and pay the floating rate of interest. This is illustrated below:

**Example B: Use of IRS**

Assuming the Scheme is having 10% of the portfolio in cash. The fund manager has a view that the interest rate scenario is soft and call rates are unlikely to spurt over the next three months. The fund manager would therefore prefer to receive a higher rate of return on his cash, which he is lending in the overnight call market. In other words, he would like to move to a 91 days fixed interest rate from overnight floating rate.

1. Say Notional Amount: Rs. 2 crores
2. Benchmark: NSE MIBOR
3. Tenor: 91 Days
4. Fixed Rate: 10.25%
5. At the end of 91 days;
6. The Scheme pays: compounded call rates for 91 days is 9.90%
7. TMF receives: Fixed rate at 10.25% for 91 days.

In practice, however the difference of the two amounts is settled. Here the Scheme receives Rs.  $2,00,00,000 \times 0.35\% \times 91 / 365 = 17,452$ . The players in IRS are scheduled commercial banks, primary dealers, corporate, mutual funds and All India Financial Institutions.

**Risks associated with Swaps:**

Interest rate risk is significant because interest rates do not always move as expected. Both parties have interest rate risk. The holder of the fixed rate risks the floating interest rate going higher, thereby losing interest that it would have otherwise received. The holder of the floating rate risks interest rates going lower, which results in a loss of cash flow since the fixed rate holder still has to make streams of payments to the counterparty.

The other main risk associated with swaps is counterparty risk. This is the risk that the counterparty to a swap will default and be unable to meet its obligations under the terms of the swap agreement. If the holder of the floating rate is unable to make payments under the swap agreement, the



holder of the fixed rate has credit exposure to changes in the interest rate agreement. This is the risk the holder of the fixed rate was seeking to avoid.

#### Forward Rate Agreements (FRA):

This is an agreement between two counterparties to pay or to receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate prevailing on a stipulated future date based on the notional amount, for an agreed period. In short, in a FRA, interest rate is fixed now for a future period.

#### This is illustrated below:

Assume that on April 1, 2022, the 30-day commercial paper (CP) rate is 7.75% and the Scheme has an investment in a CP of face value Rs. 50 crores, which is going to mature on April 30, 2022. If the interest rates are likely to remain stable or decline after April 30, 2022, and if the fund manager, who wants to re-deploy the maturity proceeds for 1 more month, does not want to take the risk of interest rates going down, he can then enter into a following forward rate agreement (FRA) say as on April 30, 2022:

He can receive 1 X 2 FRA on April 30, 2022 at 7.75% (FRA rate for 1-month lending in 2 months' time) on the notional amount of Rs.50 crores, with a reference rate of 30 day CP benchmark. If the CP benchmark on the settlement date i.e. April 30, 2022 falls to 7.50%, then the Scheme receives the difference 7.75 - 7.50 i.e. 25 basis points on the notional amount Rs. 50 crores for 1 month. The maturity proceeds are then reinvested at say 7.50% (close to the benchmark). The scheme, however, would have locked in the rate prevailing on April 30, 2022 (7.75%) as it would have received 25 basis points more as settlement amount from FRA. Thus the fund manager can use FRA to mitigate the reinvestment risk.

In this example, if the rates move up by 25 basis points to 8% on the settlement date (April 30, 2022), the Scheme loses 25 basis points but since the reinvestment will then happen at 8%, effective returns for the Scheme is unchanged at 7.75%, which is the prevailing rate on April 30, 2022.

#### Risks associated with Forward Rate Contracts:

When entering into an FRA, both parties to the contract entail credit risk exposure. The additional risks could be on account of lack of opportunity, illiquidity.

#### Interest Rate Future (IRF)

An interest rate future is a contract (future contract) with an interest-bearing instrument as the underlying asset. Interest rate futures are used when there is an expectation of interest rate movement in adverse direction.

For example, if fund manager expects rise in interest rate. He may sell interest rate future today. If interest rates rise in the future, the value of the future will fall (as it is linked to the underlying asset, bond prices), and hence a profit can be made when closing out of the future (i.e. buying the future). However, in case interest rate falls, loss may be incurred on IRF position.

#### Illustration of Use of IRF (For Hedging)

##### A – Perfect Hedge

- 1) Assume a portfolio has 100 crores of Government security 7.59% GOI 2026 with face value Rs. 100/. The bond is currently trading in market at 105.00.
- 2) The futures on 7.59% GOI 2026, expiring on 27<sup>th</sup> October 2016 is trading on exchange at 105.10.
- 3) Instead of exiting the cash position, the fund manager can decide to hedge the position by selling the same quantity in futures. Since one contract of IRF has a notional of 2 lacs, in this example the fund manager sells 100 crs/2 lakhs = 5000 contracts, to hedge long position.
- 4) At maturity, the settlement price of the futures will be almost same as closing price of the underlying security.

##### At maturity of the Interest Rate Futures

Case 1: At expiry Bonds close higher than the price at which fund manager hedged the position, but below the futures price at which he hedged

Closing price of Bonds on day of maturity of futures = 105.05

Settlement price of futures = 105.05

MTM gain on the underlying bond =  $(105.05-105.00) * 100 \text{ crs} / 100$  (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs. 5,00,000

The profit on the futures leg is =  $5000 * 2 \text{ lacs} * (105.10-105.05) / 100$  (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs 5,00,000

Overall profit to the fund = Rs 10,00,000

Case 2: At maturity bonds close higher than the level at which futures were sold

In case, the closing price of bonds on the day of maturity of futures = 105.20,

Settlement price of futures = 105.20

The MTM gain on underlying bond =  $(105.20-105.00) * 100 \text{ crs} / 100$  (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs. 20,00,000

Loss on futures leg is =  $5000 * 2 \text{ lacs} * (105.10-105.20) / 100$  (i.e. face value of bond) = - Rs 10,00,000

Total Profit to the fund = Rs 10,00,000

As can be seen above, by selling the future contract instead of the underlying, the fund manager has locked in the Rs. 10, 00,000 profit and at the same time cash holding position will be hedged against the adverse market movements.

**B - Imperfect Hedge**

Assume the portfolio of market value worth INR 1000 crore has a modified duration of 5. This is being hedged with an IRF that has a modified duration of 10. Considering that fund manager choose to hedge 20% of the portfolio the maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRF is as below:

$$\frac{(\text{Portfolio Modified Duration} \times \text{Market Value of the Portfolio})}{(\text{Futures Modified Duration} \times \text{Futures Price/PAR})} = \frac{(5 \times (0.2 \times 1000))}{(10 \times (101/100))}$$

=Rs.99.01 Crores.

Hence the scheme can sell IRFs worth Rs.99.01 Crores and with duration of 10 to hedge Rs.200 Crores of portfolio with a duration of 5.

**Position Limits for IRF Contracts:**

Scheme Level: The gross open positions across all contracts shall not exceed 3 % of the total open interest or INR 200 crores whichever is higher.  
Mutual Fund: The gross open positions across all contracts shall not exceed 10 % of the total open interest or INR 600 crores whichever is higher.

**Portfolio Turnover**

Portfolio Turnover" is the term used by any Mutual Fund for measuring the amount of trading that occurs in a Scheme's portfolio during the year. The funds available will be invested predominantly in government securities. The Scheme being an open-ended scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Besides, the active duration management and asset allocation would also impact portfolio turnover consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

Portfolio turnover Ratio:5.76 Times as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 (for 13 months)

**F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES**

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996:

**(i) Type of a scheme**

An open-ended debt scheme investing predominantly in government securities across maturity. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.

**(ii) Investment Objective**

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate medium to long term capital appreciation and income distribution by investing predominantly in Government Securities.

**Asset Allocation Pattern and Risk Profile:**

The tentative portfolio break-up of Debt , permitted securities and such other securities as may be permitted by the Board from time to time with minimum and maximum asset allocation, while retaining the option to alter the asset allocation for a short term period on defensive considerations has been provided in Section C for detailed Asset Allocation and Risk Profile of the scheme.

**(iii) Terms of Issue**

- **Liquidity:** Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme - Please refer section "IV FEES AND EXPENSES" for details.
- The scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee nor does it provide any assurance regarding declaration of income distribution cum capital withdrawal. There is no guarantee or assurance that the scheme will achieve its' objective.

Any permanent change in the positioning of the scheme into a cell resulting in a risk (in terms of credit or duration risk) which is higher than the maximum specified for the chosen PRC(Potential Risk Class) cell, shall be considered as a fundamental attribute change(FAC) of the scheme. However, the PRC value of a scheme could change temporarily due to price movements, rating changes, investment actions, etc. Any such temporary change in the PRC cell of a scheme to a higher risk scale for either credit risk or duration risk beyond the maximum risk specified for the chosen PRC cell shall be treated as a passive breach and shall be rebalanced within a period of 30 days.

## TATA GILT SECURITIES FUND

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- (i) An addendum to the existing SID shall be issued and displayed on AMC website immediately.
- (ii) SID shall be revised and updated immediately after completion of duration of the exit option (not less than 30 days from the notice date)
- (iii) A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

Trustees shall take comments of the Board before bringing such change(s).

### G. SCHEME BENCHMARK

#### Crisil Dynamic Gilt Index(Tier I)

CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index tracks the performance of a portfolio comprising government securities, across maturities. It's a Total Return Index seeking to capture coupon and price returns of the underlying portfolio.

The composition of the aforesaid benchmarks is such that, this is the most suited for comparing performance of the scheme. Total Return variant of the index (TRI) will be used for performance comparison. The Trustees may change the benchmark in future if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the scheme is available.

### H. FUND MANAGER

Name	Age Yrs.	Qualification	Total Experience (Years)	Other Schemes Under his Management	Experience (Assignments held during last 10 years)
Mr. Akhil Mittal (managing the schemes since 01.03.2022)	41	B.Com,MBA	20	Tata Treasury Advantage Fund, Tata Dynamic Bond Fund, Tata Ultra Short Term Fund, Tata Income Fund, Tata Floating Rate Fund, Debt portfolio of Tata Balanced Advantage Fund.	<p>June 2014 till date with Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd. as a Fund Manager reporting to Head Fixed Income.</p> <p>March 2011 – June 2014 with Canara Robeco Asset Management Co Ltd as Senior Fund Manager. Reporting to Head Fixed Income.</p> <p>November 2010 – February 2011 with Principal PNB Asset Management Co Ltd as Senior Fund Manager. Reporting to Head Fixed Income.</p> <p>September 2008 to November 2010 with Canara Robeco Asset Management Co Ltd as Fund Manager. Reporting to Head Fixed Income.</p> <p>June 2006 to August 2008 with Edelweiss Securities Ltd as Senior Manager. Reporting to Head Resources.</p> <p>June 2004 to May 2006 with Rallis India Ltd as Asst Manager reporting to DGM Treasury.</p>

### I. Restrictions on Investments (as per seventh schedule of SEBI {Mutual Funds} Regulations 1996)

1. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company:

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills and Tri Party Repo on government securities or treasury bills.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board:

- 1A. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments: Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time:

Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the SEBI:

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by the SEBI from time to time.

**Note:**

a) SEBI vide circular dt. 1st October 2019 & 28th April 2020 has issued following guidelines wrt investment in unlisted debt & money market instruments.

b) Mutual fund scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures (NCDs) that have a simple structure (i.e with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

c) SEBI vid Circular dt. 28th April 2020 has allowed the existing unlisted NCDs to be grandfathered till maturity, such NCDs are herein referred to as "identified NCDs.

Accordingly, mutual funds schemes can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria specified in point (b) above shall not be applicable for such identified NCDs, Subject to compliance with investment due diligence and all other applicable.

d) Maximum investment in unlisted NCDs will be 10 % of the debt portfolio of the scheme

SEBI vide Circular SEBI/HO/ IMD/ DF2 / CIR/P / 2019/104 dated October 01, 2019 has allowed the existing unlisted NCDs to be grandfathered till maturity, however SEBI vide circular number SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2020/75 dated 28th April 2020 clarified that the grandfathering of the identified NCDs is applicable across the mutual fund industry. Accordingly, mutual funds can transact in such identified NCDs. All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.

e) investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following:

I. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.

II. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.

III. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.

f) Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

I. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and

II. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

III. Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

IV. Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

2. Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same mutual fund shall be allowed only if:-

(a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis.

Explanation- "spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.

(b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

^Note: SEBI vide circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/102 dt. September 24, 2019 has prescribed the methodology for determination of price to be considered for inter scheme transfers. The additional safeguard prescribed by SEBI vide circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2020/202 dated October 8, 2020 will be followed.

3. A scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.

4. Every mutual fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that a mutual fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by the Board:

Provided further that a mutual fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the Board."

5. Every mutual fund shall, get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long term nature.

6. Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in terms of investment objectives of the scheme, a mutual fund may invest them in short term deposits of schedule commercial banks, subject to SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.1/91181/07 dated April 16, 2007 and SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/093 dated August 16,2019 and SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/101 dated September 20,2019.

7. No mutual fund scheme shall make any investment in;
- any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets of the schemes.
8. No scheme of a mutual fund shall make any investment in any fund of fund scheme.
9. The total exposure of the Scheme in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, Tri-Party Repo, G-Secs, T-Bills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions & Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector not exceeding 10% (revised) of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs);
- Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme has been allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.
- However, the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB).
- Notes
- If security/issuer is rated by two or more credit rating agencies, the investment Committee will decide the credit rating agency who's rating to be considered for monitoring the sector exposure limit.
  - In case of investment in short term securities like money market instruments or debentures/bonds upto 1 year maturity, long term rating of the issuer will be considered for monitoring the sector exposure limit.
10. Total Exposure of debt schemes of the fund in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees.
- Additional Provision: The investments in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the AMC shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees.
11. The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the mutual funds for the purpose of repurchase/ redemption of units or payment of interest or income distribution to the unitholders. The fund shall not borrow more than 20 per cent of the net asset of the scheme and the duration of such a borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.
12. Fresh investments in perpetual bonds (including Additional Tier 1 bonds) can only be made in schemes that are in class III.
13. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

These investment limitations / parameters (as expressed / linked to the net asset / net asset value / capital) shall in the ordinary course apply as at the date of the most recent transaction or commitment to invest, and changes do not have to be effected merely because, owing to appreciations or depreciations in value, or by reason of the receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital or of any scheme of arrangement or for amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or redemption or other reason outside the control of the Fund, any such limits would thereby be breached. If these limits are exceeded for reasons beyond its control, TAMPL shall adopt as a priority objective the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the Unitholders.

In addition, certain investment parameters (like limits on exposure to Sectors, Industries, Companies, etc.) may be adopted internally by TAMPL, and amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification / security for the Fund. The Trustee Company / TAMPL may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, including Schedule VII thereof.

#### **Investment by the Asset Management Company**

Apart from the above, TAMPL (the AMC) may invest in the scheme(s) on an ongoing basis, such amount, as they deem appropriate. The AMC shall not be entitled to charge any management fees on this investment in the scheme(s). Investments by the AMC will be in accordance with Regulation 25(17) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996.

The sponsor or asset management company shall invest not less than one percent of the assets under management of the scheme or fifty lakh rupees, whichever is less, in the growth option or IDCW option of the scheme and such investment shall not be redeemed unless the scheme is wound up.

## J. PERFORMANCE OF THE SCHEME

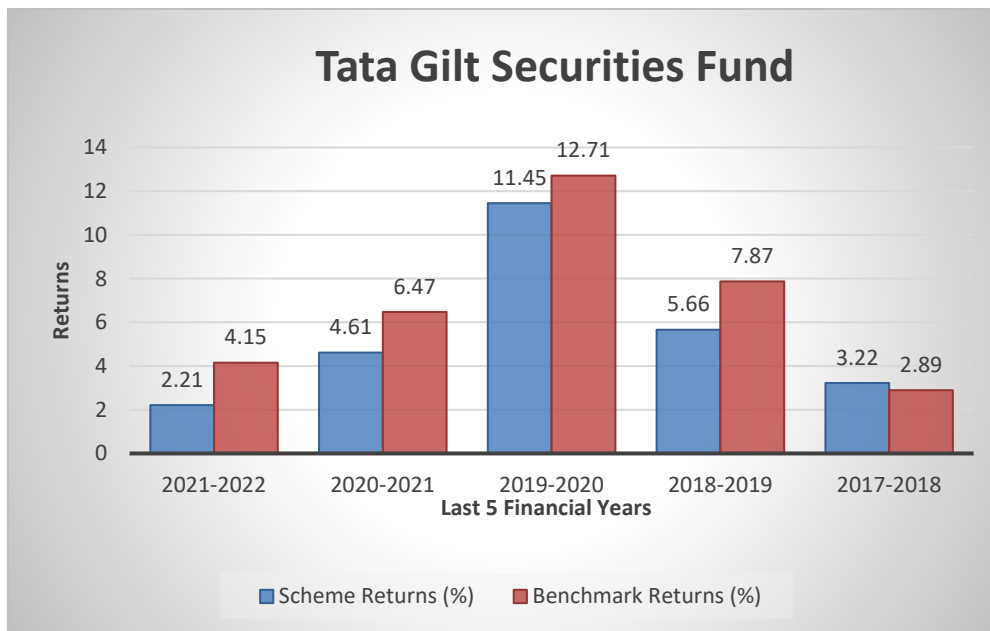
Performance of Tata Gilt Securities Fund as on 31.03.2022

Compounded Annualized returns	Scheme Returns%	Benchmark Returns%
Returns for last 1 year	2.21	4.17
Returns for last 3 years	6.03	7.72
Returns for last 5 years	5.40	6.78
Returns since inception	8.47	8.89

## Absolute Returns for the Last 5 Financial Years

Financial Year (31 <sup>st</sup> March)	Scheme Return (%)	Benchmark Return (Crisil Gilt Index) (%)
2021-2022	2.21	4.15
2020-2021	4.61	6.47
2019-2020	11.45	12.71
2018-2019	5.66	7.87
2017-2018	3.22	2.89

Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future. Returns given for Regular Plan-Growth Option.



Additional Disclosure with respect to SEBI Circular: SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/2016/42 dated March 18, 2016

## Top 10 holdings by issuer as on 31.03.2022

Issuer Name	% of AUM
GOVT OF INDIA	92.6889
SDL ANDHRA PRADESH STATE GOVERNMENT	0.2651
SDL GOA STATE GOVERNMENT	0.9517
SDL HARYANA STATE GOVERNMENT	0.4312
SDL MAHARASHTRA STATE GOVERNMENT	4.499

The fortnightly/monthly portfolio of the Scheme shall be available in a user-friendly and downloadable format on the [www.tatamutualfund.com](http://www.tatamutualfund.com).

## Funds Allocation towards various sectors as on 31.03.2022

Sectors	% of AUM
Sovereign	98.83

## The aggregate investment in the scheme under the following categories

Category	As on 31.3.2022 Rs. In crores
AMC's Board of Directors	NIL
Fund Manager/Managers of the scheme	NIL
Other Personnel	0.002

## Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme return:

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested (Rs)	10,000	10,000
Gross Returns-assumed	7%	7%
Closing NAV before expenses (Rs.)	10,700	10,700
Expenses (Rs)		
• Expenses Other than Distribution expenses	50	50
• Distribution Expenses	50	NIL
Total NAV after charging expenses (Rs)	10,600	10650
Net returns to investor	6.00%	6.50%

Illustration is given to understand the impact of expense ratio on a scheme return and this should not be construed as an indicative return of the scheme.

**III. UNITS AND OFFER**

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the scheme.

**A. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS**

<p>Ongoing Offer Period</p> <p>This is the date from which the scheme reopened for subscriptions/redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.</p>	<p>The Scheme was launched on 3rd August, 1999 as a growth scheme. The Scheme opened for Resale / Repurchase from 4th August, 1999. The units are now being offered at NAV based price.</p> <p>Being existing open ended scheme, subscription / redemption a facility is provided on all business days.</p> <p>Tata Gilt Short Maturity Fund was merged with Tata Gilt Securities Fund. The record date was 17<sup>th</sup> March'2017. Tata Gilt Mid Term Fund was merged with Tata Gilt Securities Fund. The record date was 1<sup>st</sup> June'2018.</p>
<p>Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) / switch-in (from other schemes / plans of the mutual fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV.</p>
<p>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) / repurchase /switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.</p> <p>Example: If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10, exit load is 2% then redemption price will be:</p> <p>Rs. 10* (1-0.02) = Rs. 9.80</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit load, if any.</p> <p>Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.</p>
	<p><b>Investment Plans /options</b></p> <p><b>Minimum subscription/ switch in Amount</b></p> <p><b>Redemption/Switch out Amount</b></p>

**Minimum Amount for Purchase / switch in:**

Minimum initial investment in the scheme / plan / option: Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter. For additional investment Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- . The additional purchase investment can be made in Growth or IDCW option if initial investments exist under the requested option either in Direct or in Regular plan of the scheme.

Example:

Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Additional Investment allowed in
Regular Plan - Growth	Regular or Direct Plan - Growth
Regular Plan – IDCW	Regular or Direct Plan - IDCW
Direct Plan – Growth	Direct or Regular Plan – Growth
Direct Plan – IDCW	Direct or Regular Plan – IDCW

**Minimum Redemption amount will be Rs.500 or 50 units or folio available balance (whichever is lower)**

**There is no minimum amount requirement, in case of investors opting to switch “all units” from any existing schemes of Tata Mutual Fund to this Scheme.**

**Non applicability Minimum Application Amount (Lump-sum) and Minimum Redemption amount**

SEBI vide its circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-I/DOF5/P/CIR/2021/553 dated April 28, 2021 read along with SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-IDOF5/P/CIR/2021/624 dated September 20, 2021 (Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes) has, inter alia mandated that a minimum of 20% of gross annual CTC net of income tax and any statutory contributions of the Designated Employees of the AMCs shall be invested in units of the scheme(s) of the Fund in which they have a role/oversight. However for key employees below 35 yrs of age the implementation of this rule shall be in a phased manner i.e. 10% in the first year (Oct 01 2021 to Sept 30 2022), 15% in the second year (Oct 01 2022 to Sept 30 2023) & 20% w.e.f Oct 01 2023.

In accordance with the regulatory requirement, the minimum application amount and minimum redemption amount wherever specified in the SID will



not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the sebi circular.

**Investment Options:**

**Regular Plan (For applications routed through Distributors):**

1. Growth
2. Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option

**Direct Plan (For applications not routed through Distributors):**

1. Growth
2. Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option

IDCW option has sub-options of IDCW -Payout & IDCW-Reinvestment.

**Default Option**

**If Growth or Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option is not mentioned: Growth**

**Default Sub-Option:** Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW- Reinvestment)  
Income Distribution option has sub-options of Payout of Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Option (IDCW- Payout Option), Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW- Reinvestment), and Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (IDCW- Transfer)

The income distribution for amount of Rs.100 or less will be compulsorily reinvested in the same sub-option at ex-dividend NAV.

**Please note that the Income shall be distributed at the discretion of the Trustees subject to availability of distributable surplus.**

**Default Option:** Investor should appropriately tick the „option“ (Income Distribution cum Withdrawal Option or growth) and sub-options in the application form while investing in the Scheme. If no option is mentioned / indicated in the application form by the investor then the units will, by default, be allotted under the Growth Option. If no Income Distribution cum Withdrawal sub-option is mentioned / indicated in the application form by the investor then the units will, by default, be allotted under the Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW-Reinvestment)

**Default Plan:**

Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of “Direct Plan (application not routed through distributor) or Regular Plan(application routed through distributor) ” for valid applications received under the scheme:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

**Treatment of Business Received Through Suspended Distributors:**

The financial transactions of an investor where his distributor’s AMFI Registration Number (ARN) has been suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) shall be processed as follows:

1. All purchase and switch transactions including SIP/STP registered prior to the date of suspension and fresh SIP/STP registrations received under the ARN code of a suspended distributor during the period of suspension, shall be processed under ‘Direct Plan’ and shall be continued under Direct Plan perpetually except in case where TAMPL receives any written request/ instructions from the unitholder/s to shift back to Regular Plan under the ARN of the distributor post the revocation of suspension of ARN.
2. All Purchase and Switch Transactions including SIP/STP transactions received through the stock exchange platform through a distributor whose ARN is suspended shall be rejected.

Unitholders can opt for only one income distribution sub-option under a scheme in a single folio. In case, different income distribution sub-options are required, unitholders are required to create a new folio.

Also note that the income distribution sub-option selected in the last inflow transaction will be applicable to all the transactions in the respective scheme sub-option in the folio. A simple example will explain the above statement:

<b>Date</b>	<b>Request by unitholder</b>	<b>Sub Option</b>
01/01/2021	Purchase in IDCW Option	Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
02/03/2021	SIP Registered in IDCW Option	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
03/05/2021	Additional Purchase in IDCW	Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
02/06/2021	SIP Instalment	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option

Hence the income distribution sub option chosen by unitholders in the last transaction (i.e SIP instalment as on 02/06/2021 sub option reinvestment) will be applicable to all transactions in the related scheme sub option in the folio.

In case of statutory/ legal attachments/ suspensions or litigations/ disputes at the unitholders /investor's end, the IDCW will compulsorily be reinvested, and no payout shall be made during the said period, irrespective of the income distribution sub-option selected.

Investor should note that for processing of redemption and related transactions in Non-PAN exempt folios from time to time, it is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements for all applicants/investors (including existing investors and joint holders) and in case of folio of a minor investor, the KYC of the guardian is mandatory irrespective of the amount of investment.

Accordingly, financial transactions (including Fresh Purchases, Additional Purchases, Switch transactions, Redemption and all types of systematic plans) and non-financial requests will not be processed if the applicants (including existing investors and joint holders) and unitholders have not completed KYC requirements.

Unitholders are advised to use the applicable KYC Form for completing the KYC requirements and submit the form at the point of acceptance. Further, upon updation of PAN/PEKRN details with the KRA (KRA-KYC)/CERSAI (CKYC), the unitholders are requested to intimate TAMPL/ Registrar and Transfer Agent i.e. Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) their PAN information along with the folio details for updation in our records.

**Pursuant to SEBI Circular No Cir/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 w.e.f. 01 October, 2012 the ongoing subscription /switch-in is suspended in the following plan/option of the scheme.**

**Retirement Planning Series.**

**Note:**

1. All existing SIP/STP & corporate actions like IDCW- Reinvestment, Bonus etc under the options in suspended plans is processed in the same option under the continued plan of the scheme.
2. If fresh subscriptions /switch request is received under any option of the suspended plans, the same will be processed under the same option or other option of the continued plan of the scheme.
3. Where the investor has units in both the suspended & continued plans, then the investor must submit separate redemption / switch request for each plan.

The following suspended plans (Bonus, High Investment Plan-Dividend& High Investment Plan-Growth) has been merged with Direct /Regular Plan-Growth, Direct/Regular Plan-Dividend, Direct /Regular Plan-Growth of the scheme w.e.f October 27 2017.

Transactions through online facilities / electronic modes:	<p>The time of transaction done through various online facilities / electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request for purchase / sale / switch of units is received in the servers of AMC/RTA.</p> <p>In case of transactions through online facilities / electronic modes, the movement of funds from the investors' bank account to the Scheme's bank account may happen via the Intermediary / Aggregator service provider through a Nodal bank account and post reconciliation of fund. The process of movement of funds from the investors' bank account into the Scheme's Bank account in case of online transaction is governed by Reserve Bank of India(RBI)vide their circular Ref. RBI/2009-10/231 DPSS.CO.PD.No.1102/02.14.08/2009-10 dated 24th November, 2009. The process followed by the aggregator and the time lines within which the Funds are credited into the Scheme's bank account is within the time lines provided by RBI which is T+3 settlement cycle / business days, where T is the date of Transaction / day of intimation regarding completion of transaction. The nodal bank account as stated above is an internal account of the bank and such accounts are not maintained or operated by the intermediary / aggregator or by the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>While the movement of Funds out of the investors' Bank account may have happened on T day, however post reconciliation and as per statutory norms the allotment can happen only on availability of Funds for utilization by the AMC/MF and accordingly the transaction will processed as per the applicable NAV based on availability of funds for utilization. This lag may impact the applicability of NAV for transactions where NAV is to be applied, based on actual realization of funds by the Scheme. Under no circumstances will Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited or its bankers or its service providers be liable for any lag / delay in realization of funds and consequent pricing of units.</p> <p>The AMC has the right to amend cut off timings subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations for the smooth and efficient functioning of the Scheme(s).</p>
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Cut off timing for subscriptions / redemptions and switches	<b>Applicable NAV for Subscription / Switch-in: Cut Off Timing 3.00 pm</b>	
	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Applicable NAV</b>

<p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 154 1139 248">Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization before the cut-off time i.e. credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time.</td> <td data-bbox="1139 154 1514 248">The closing NAV of the same day.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 248 1139 365">Valid applications received (time-stamped) after 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme either on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day.</td> <td data-bbox="1139 248 1514 365">The closing NAV of the next Business Day.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 365 1139 481">Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme after the cut-off time on the same day i.e. available for utilization after the cut-off time of the Day.</td> <td data-bbox="1139 365 1514 481">The closing NAV of the next Business Day.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 481 1139 616">Where the application is time stamped any day before the credit of the funds to the scheme but the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on such subsequent Business Day.</td> <td data-bbox="1139 481 1514 616">The closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day on which funds are available for utilisation.</td> </tr> </table>	Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization before the cut-off time i.e. credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time.	The closing NAV of the same day.	Valid applications received (time-stamped) after 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme either on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day.	The closing NAV of the next Business Day.	Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme after the cut-off time on the same day i.e. available for utilization after the cut-off time of the Day.	The closing NAV of the next Business Day.	Where the application is time stamped any day before the credit of the funds to the scheme but the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on such subsequent Business Day.	The closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day on which funds are available for utilisation.	
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Where the application is time stamped any day before the credit of the funds to the scheme but the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on such subsequent Business Day.	The closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day on which funds are available for utilisation.									
<p>Where can the applications for redemption / subscription and switches be submitted?</p>	<p>In case application is time stamped after cut off timing on any day, the same will be considered as deemed to be received on the next business day.</p> <p>In case funds are realised after cut-off timing on any day, the same will be considered as deemed to be realised /available for utilisation on the next business day.</p> <p><b>For Switch-ins including Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) of any amount:</b></p> <p>For determining the applicable NAV, the following shall be ensured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application for switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time.</li> <li>• Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time, and the funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time.</li> <li>• In case of switch/STP transactions, funds will be made available for utilization in the switch-in-scheme based on the redemption payout cycle of the switch out scheme.</li> </ul> <p>For investments through systematic investment routes such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plans (STP), etc. the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the Target Scheme irrespective of the installment date of the SIP, STP or record date of income distribution etc.</p> <p><b>Redemption /Switch Out:</b> In respect of application received upto 3 p.m., closing NAV of the day of receipt of application shall be applicable and in respect of application received after 3 p.m. closing NAV of next business day.</p> <p>Outstation cheques/demand drafts will not be accepted.</p> <p><b>Valid application for “switch out” shall be treated as redemption and for “switch in” shall be treated as purchases and the relevant NAV of “Switch in” and “Switch Out” shall be applicable accordingly.</b></p>									
<p>Maximum amount for redemption and switch-outs</p>	<p>There is no upper limit of redemption. However, this is subject to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The repurchase would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unit holder’s account.</li> <li>• The Asset Management Company (AMC) may, in the general interest of the all Unit holders of the Scheme, keeping in view the unforeseen circumstances/unsure conditions, limit the total number of Units which may be redeemed on any Business Day. Restrictions may be imposed under the following circumstances that leads to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets. a) Liquidity issues - When markets at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. b) Market failures, exchange closures - When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. c) Operational issues - When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Under the aforesaid circumstances, the AMC / Trustee may restrict redemption for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Any imposition of restriction on redemption / switch of units would require specific approval of Board of AMCs and Trustees and the same should be informed to SEBI immediately. Unitholders should note that the following provisions shall be applicable when redemption requests are placed during such restricted period. i) No redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction and ii) Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.</li> </ul>									

<p>Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance.</p>	<p>Currently, there is no minimum balance requirement.</p>
<p>Special Products available</p>	<p><b>a) Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)</b></p> <p>The investors can benefit by investing specified Rupees amounts at regular intervals. The SIP allows the unitholders to invest a fixed amount of Rupees at regular intervals for purchasing additional units of the scheme at NAV based prices. Investment can be done with the minimum / maximum amount and number of cheques specified by AMC from time to time. The cheques will be presented on the dates mentioned on the cheque and subject to realization. Units will be allotted at the applicable NAV along with applicable load.</p> <p>“SIP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the SIP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment.”</p> <p>Subscription by way of Systematic Investment Plan option is available for SIP transactions and units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per Scheme Information Document and will be credited to investors Demat Account on weekly basis on realization of funds.</p> <p><b>b) Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)</b></p> <p>This facility available to the unitholders of the scheme enables them to redeem fixed sums or fixed number of units from their unit accounts at periodic intervals. The amount withdrawn under SWP by redemption shall be converted into the Scheme units at the Repurchase price and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. In case the date falls during a book closure period the immediate next Business day will be considered for this purpose.</p> <p>The Authorised Investor Service Centre may terminate SWP on receipt of a notice from the unitholder. It will terminate automatically if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account or upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder.</p> <p>“SWP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the SWP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment.”</p> <p><b>c) Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)</b></p> <p>A unitholder may establish a Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and choose to transfer on a monthly or a quarterly basis from one TMF Scheme to another TMF Scheme on a date prescribed by the Investment Manager. The amount thus withdrawn by redemption shall be converted into units at the applicable NAV on the scheduled day and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. Unitholders may change the amount, not below the specified minimum, by giving two weeks prior written notice to the registrars. STP may be terminated automatically if the balance falls below the minimum account balance or upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholders by the fund. Rules relating to the plan may be changed from time to time by the Investment Manager.</p> <p>“STP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the STP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment.”</p> <p>SIP and STP is not available to suspended plans of the schemes.</p>
<p>Accounts Statements</p>	<p>On acceptance of application for financial transaction, a confirmation specifying the number of Units allotted/redeemed will be sent by way of e-mail and/or SMS to the applicant’s registered e-mail address and/or mobile number within five business days from the date of transaction.</p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund shall send first account statement for a new folio separately with all details registered in the folio by way of a physical account statement and/or an e-mail to the investor’s registered address/email address not later than five business days from the date of subscription.</p> <p><b>Tata Mutual Fund will send the Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) to investors as follows:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) on basis of PAN (PAN of the first holder &amp; pattern of holding, in case of multiple holding) will be dispatched to unitholders having Mutual Fund investments &amp; holding Demat accounts by Depositories as per the specified timeline specified by board at the end of the month in which transaction (the word ‘transaction’ shall include all financial transactions in demat accounts/Mutual Fund folios of the investor) takes place.</li> <li>2. The CAS will not be received by the investors for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN. Such investors will get monthly account statement from Tata Mutual Fund in respect of transactions carried out in the schemes of Tata Mutual Fund during the month on or within fifteenth day of the succeeding month.</li> <li>3. In other cases i.e. where unitholders having no Demat account &amp; only MF units holding, Tata Mutual Fund shall continue to send the CAS as is being send on or within fifteenth day of the succeeding month in which financial transaction takes place.</li> <li>4. In case statements are presently being dispatched by e-mail either by the Fund or the Depository then CAS will</li> </ol>

	<p>be sent through email. However, the Unitholders have an option to receive CAS in physical form at the address registered in the Depository system.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. The dispatch of CAS by Depositories to Unitholders would constitute compliance by Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd / the Fund with the requirements under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996.</li> <li>6. Each CAS issued to the investors shall also provide the total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme.</li> <li>7. In case if no transaction has taken place in a folio during the period of six months ended September 30 and March 31, the CAS detailing the holdings across all schemes of all mutual funds, shall be emailed on half yearly basis, as per the specified timeline specified by board of succeeding month, unless a specific request is made to receive the same in physical form.</li> <li>8. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all Mutual Fund investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period on or within twenty first day of the succeeding month. Further, CAS issued for the half-year(September/March) shall also provide: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The amount of actual commission paid by Tata AMC/Mutual Fund to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each mutual fund scheme. The term "commission" here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by Tata AMC/MF to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods &amp; Services Tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc.</li> <li>b. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal	The warrants/intimation shall be dispatched to the Unitholders within 15 days from the record date. In the event of failure of dispatch of income distribution cum capital withdrawal within the stipulated 15 days period from the record date, the AMC shall be liable of pay interest at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @15% per annum) to the Unitholders.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 10 working days from the date of acceptance of redemption or repurchase request. The redemption cheque will be issued in the name of the first unitholder.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Units are freely transferable. Unitholders desirous of transferring units shall submit the transfer request in the prescribed form or convert his/her holding in non demat mode or demat mode. Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the unitholder is deemed as transfer of unit. Transfer of unit(s) shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholder(s) and applicable laws. The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of unitholder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of units and not transfer.</li> <li>2. The units issued in Demat (electronic) form are transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.</li> <li>3. Transfer would be only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding units. The Fund will not be bound to recognize any other transfer.</li> <li>4. The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.</li> </ol> <p><b>As per SEBI circular no CIR/IMD/DF/102010 dated August 18, 2010. All the units of a mutual fund scheme held in Demat form will be freely transferable.</b></p> <p>Please refer SAI for the procedure of transmission &amp; pledging. Investors are requested to visit the funds website for the list of prescribed documents under any of the procedure or call the investors service centers for any clarification on the above.</p>
Bank Account Details	<p>It shall be mandatory for the Unitholders to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests for redemptions. Unitholders are requested to give the full particulars of their Bank Account i.e. nature and number of account, name, Account Number, Nine digit MICR code No. (For Electronic Credit Facility), IFSC code for NEFT a 11 digit number, branch address of the bank at the appropriate space in the application form.</p> <p><b>I) <u>Uniform Procedure for Change of Bank Details (COB) and Change of Address (COA)</u></b></p> <p>In order to protect the interest of the investors and mitigate the risks arising due to of increasingly fraudulent attempts by external elements by changing the address and/or bank details of the genuine investor, uniform process for</p>

carrying out change of bank and change of address is recommended by NISM committee.

Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) has decided to implement the following process for Change of Bank Mandate (COB) and Change of Address (COA) in line with the AMFI circular 135/BP/17/10-11 dated October 22, 2010 and 135/BP/26/11-12 dated March 21, 2012.

**1. Documents required for Change of Bank Mandate (COB)**

1. Transaction slip/Request letter from investor

And

2. Proof of New Bank Mandate:

Original of any one of the following documents or originals should be produced for verification or copy should be attested by the Bank:

- Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.

OR

- Self-attested copy of not older than 3 months bank statement containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

- Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

- Original Bank Letter on the letter head containing the first unit holder name and bank account number duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel with name, employee code and bank seal.

And

3. Proof of Existing Bank Mandate:

Original of any one of the following documents or copy should be attested by the Bank or originals should be produced for verification:

- Cancelled original cheque with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.

OR

- Original bank account statement / Pass book containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

- Original letter issued by the bank on the letter head confirming the bank account holder name with the account details, duly signed by the Branch Manager with name, employee code and bank seal.

OR

- In case such bank account is already closed, an original letter on the letter head of such bank duly signed by the Branch Manager with name, employee code and bank seal, confirming the closure of said account.

**Important Note:**

Unitholders may note that minimum 10 days prior notice is required for change/updation of bank account details.

In case prior notice for change of bank account details is not provided atleast 10 days prior to the date of redemption then the payment of redemption proceeds may be paid out to the existing bank account. For unit holder where the units are held in demat, please ensure that the bank account details linked with the demat account is updated. Maturity payment would be made as per the bank account details as provided by the Depository Participant.

**1. Documents required for Change of Address (COA)**

KYC not complied Folios/Clients:

1. Transaction slip/Request letter from investor

And

2. Proof of New Address (as per KYC guidelines)

And

3. Proof of Identity: Only PAN card copy if PAN is updated in the folio, or PAN/ other proof of identity ((as per KYC guidelines) if PAN is not updated in the folio.

Unitholders may note that copies of all the documents submitted should be self-attested and accompanied by originals for verification. In case the original of any document is not produced for verification, then the copies should be properly attested / verified by entities authorized for attesting/verification of the documents as per extant KYC guidelines.

**II) Restriction on Acceptance of Third Party Payments for Subscription of units of schemes of Tata Mutual Fund:** In pursuance to Best Practice Guidelines issued by Association of Mutual Funds in India [AMFI] Vide Circular No.135/BP/16/10 dated August 16th 2010 for acceptance of Third party cheques, Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd has decided henceforth not to accept subscriptions with Third-Party cheques, For details kindly refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Who can invest

This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to your risk profile.

**Eligibility for Application**

The following persons (subject, wherever relevant to, purchase of Units being permitted under their respective constitutions and relevant State Regulations) are eligible to apply for the purchase of the Units:

- Adult individuals, either singly or more than one (not exceeding three) on first holder basis or jointly on an either or survivor/any one basis.
- Parents or other lawful Guardians on behalf of Minors. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by SEBI vide circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2019/166 dated December 24, 2019.
- Companies, corporate bodies, public sector undertakings, trusts, wakf boards or endowments, funds, institutions, associations of persons or bodies of individuals and societies (including Co-operative Societies) registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the purchase of Units is permitted under their respective constitutions).
- Mutual Funds (including any Scheme managed by AMC or any Scheme of any other Mutual Fund); (in accordance with Regulation 44(1) read with Clause 4 of Schedule VII, of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996).
- Asset Management Company (AMC); (in accordance with Regulation of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996).
- Partnership firms, in the name of the partners.
- Hindu Undivided families (HUF) in the sole name of the Karta.
- Financial and Investment Institutions/ Banks.
- Army/ Navy / Air Force, para military Units and other eligible institutions.
- Religious and Charitable Trusts provided these are allowed to invest as per statute and their by-laws.
- Non-resident Indians/ persons of Indian origin residing abroad (NRIs) on a full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis.
- Foreign Portfolio Investor (Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) as defined under Regulation 2(1) (h) of Security Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014.
- International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India.

**Compliance under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) regulations:**

United States of America (US) has introduced chapter no. 4 in the US Internal Revenue Code as a part of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, which was enacted by the US legislature to create employment opportunities in US. The HIRE Act includes Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), which now forms a part of the US-IR Code. The regulations for FATCA have undergone revision since 2010 and the final regulations make the FATCA provisions effective from July 1, 2014.

The objective of FATCA is to detect "US Persons", who evade US taxes by using financial account maintained outside US. The US persons are defined as those who have either US citizenship or US residency. The FATCA stipulates reporting on -

- i. US taxpayers about certain foreign financial accounts and offshore assets.
- ii. Foreign Financial Institutions (FFIs) about financial accounts with them of US taxpayers or foreign entities in which US taxpayers hold substantial ownership interest.

FFIs (including mutual funds in India) are required to periodically report information on accounts of US persons, who maintain balances above a threshold. In the event of a default in the reporting of information on accounts of US taxpayers, a withholding of 30% of the payment made from US sources will be imposed on the recalcitrant account holders and non-participating Financial Institutions. SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2014 dated June 30, 2014, has advised that Government of India and US Government have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) to implement FATCA and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. Tata Asset Management Company Pvt Limited (TAMPL) is classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) under the FATCA provisions and in accordance therewith, the AMC would be required to comply with the rules & regulations of FATCA, from time to time.

In order to ensure compliance with FATCA and other rules / directions / notifications as may be issued by Government of India or other regulatory authority, Mutual Funds are required to institute a process to identify US Person investors and report the same.

Applicants are required to refer to the "FATCA information" section in the application and mandatorily fill/sign off on the same. Applications without this information / declaration being filled/signed off will be deemed as incomplete and are liable to be rejected. Investors are requested to provide information required by the regulatory authority and may undergo changes on receipt of communication / guidelines from Government of India or AMFI or SEBI or any other regulatory authority.

**Common Reporting Standard (CRS)**

	<p>On similar lines of FATCA, the Organization of Economic Development (OECD), along with the G 20 countries, of which India is a member, has released a 'Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax matters'. In order to combat the problem of offshore tax evasion and avoidance and stashing of unaccounted money abroad, the G 20 &amp; OECD countries have together developed a common reporting standard (CRS) on automatic exchange of information (AEOI). On June 3,2015 India has joined the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement (MCAA) on AEOI. The CRS on AEOI requires the financial institutions of the 'source' jurisdiction to collect and report information to their tax authorities about account holders 'resident' in other countries. The information to be exchanged relates not only to individuals, but also to shell companies and trusts having beneficial ownership or interest in the 'resident' countries.</p> <p>In view of India's commitment to implement the CRS on AEOI and also the IGA with USA and with a view to provide information to other countries necessary legislative changes has already been made in Finance Act &amp; by inserting Rules 114F to 114H and Form 61B to provide a legal basis for the Reporting Financial Institutions (RFIs) for maintaining and reporting information about the reportable accounts.</p> <p>Applicants are required to refer to the "FATCA/CRS information" section in the application and mandatorily fill/sign off on the same. Applications without this information / declaration being filled/signed off will be deemed as incomplete and are liable to be rejected. Investors are requested to note that the contents of the information to be provided/ declaration in the application form may undergo a change on receipt of communication / guidelines from Government of India or AMFI or SEBI or any other regulatory authority.</p> <p>With the change in guidelines, investors may be called for additional information required by the law. Investors are requested to keep Mutual Fund updated with change in information already submitted by them with Mutual Fund. FATCA provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of investor(s)/unitholder(s) but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Fund/the AMC. In view of this, Investors should immediately intimate to the Fund/the AMC, in case of any change in their status with respect to FATCA/CRS related declaration provided by them previously.</p> <p>Investors(s)/Unit holder(s) should consult their own tax advisors to understand the implications of FATCA/CRS provisions /requirements.</p> <p><b>Applicants who cannot Invest.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A person who falls within the definition of the term "U.S" Person" under the US Securities Act of 1933 and corporations or other entities organised under the laws of the U.S.</li> <li>• A person who is resident of Canada.</li> <li>• OCB (Overseas Corporate Bodies) as defined under Income Tax Act, 1061 and under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.</li> </ul> <p>The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other than prevailing statutory regulations, if any.</p> <p>If a person resident of India at the time of subscription becomes a person resident outside India subsequently, shall have the option to either be paid Redemption value of Units, or continue into the Scheme if he/ she so desires and is otherwise eligible. However, the person who desires to continue in the Scheme shall not be entitled to any interest or any compensation during the period it takes for the Fund to record the change in Address and the Residential Status. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the Trustee Company reserves the right to close the Unitholder account and to pay the Redemption value of Units, subsequent to his becoming a person resident outside India, should the reasons of expediency, cost, interest of Unitholders and other circumstances make it necessary for the Fund to do so. In such an event, no resident Unitholders who have subsequently become resident outside India shall have a right to claim the growth in capital and/ or income distribution.</p> <p>This scheme has not been registered in any country outside India. To ensure compliance with any Laws, Acts, Enactments, etc. including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications of Government of India, the Fund may require/give verification of identity/any special/additional subscription-related information from /of the Unitholders (which may result in delay in dealing with the applications, Units, benefits, distribution, etc./giving subscription details, etc.). Each Unitholder must represent and warrant to the Trustee Company/AMC that, among other things, he is able to acquire Units without violating applicable laws. The Trustee Company will not knowingly offer or sell Units to any person to whom such offer or sale would be unlawful, or might result in the Fund incurring any liability or suffering any other pecuniary disadvantages which the Fund might not otherwise incur or suffer. Units may not be held by any person in breach of the law or requirements of any governmental, statutory authority including, without limitation, Exchange Control Regulations. The Trustee company may, compulsorily redeem any Units held directly or beneficially in contravention of these prohibitions. In view of the individual nature of investment portfolio and its consequences, each Unitholder is advised to consult his/her own professional advisor concerning possible consequences of purchasing, holding, selling, converting or otherwise disposing of the Units under the laws of his/her State/country of incorporation, establishment, citizenship, residence or domicile.</p>
<p>Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Policy</p>	<p><b>Growth Option:</b> The income / profits received / earned would be accumulated by the Fund as capital accretion, aimed at achieving medium to long term and also short term capital growth and reflected in the NAV.</p> <p><b>Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option :</b> The profits received / earned and so retained and reinvested may be distributed as income at appropriate rates (after providing for all relevant ongoing expenses, etc.) and at appropriate intervals as may be decided by the AMC and/or Trustee Company. It will be distributed to the unitholders who hold the units on the record date of declaration of the Income.</p>



	<p>Please note that the income distribution i. e income distribution and its frequency is subject to availability of distributable surplus and at the discretion of the trustees</p> <p>The Fund reserves a right to modify the periodicity and manner of payout of such income distribution as they deem fit without giving any further notice to unitholders.</p> <p>The Fund does not assure any targeted annual return / income nor any capitalisation ratio. Accumulation of earnings and / or capitalisation of bonus units and the consequent determination of NAV, may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely under any of the circumstances as stated in the clause "Suspension of Ongoing Sale, Repurchase or Switch out of Units".</p> <p><b>Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option :</b></p> <p>Unitholders under this Option also have the facility of reinvestment of the income so declared, if so desired. Income Distribution Warrants will not be despatched to such Unitholders. The income declared would be reinvested in the Scheme on the immediately following ex-dividend date.</p> <p><b>Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal :</b></p> <p>Under this facility investor can opt for reinvestment of divided into any other scheme of Tata Mutual Fund. This facility is not available to those investors who have opted for IDCW- pay-out facility Under this facility, the net income distribution amount (i.e. net of statutory levy/taxes if any) will be automatically invested on the ex-dividend date into other scheme of Tata Mutual Fund as specified by the investor at the applicable NAV of that scheme and accordingly equivalent units will be allotted in lieu of income distribution, subject to the terms and conditions of the schemes. No entry Load or exit load will be levied on the units issued in lieu of income distribution. AMC reserves the right to modify or withdraw this facility without prior notice.</p> <p><b>Compulsory Re-investment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal :</b></p> <p>In order to reduce the expenses of the scheme and also for the convenience of the investors, in case of income distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) payout amount is Rs 100/- or less, then the same shall be compulsorily reinvested in the same sub- option at ex-dividend NAV for unitholders of non-electronic mode. Where the option to payout of IDCW is available in electronic mode, the IDCW amount shall be paid to the Unit holders.</p>						
<p>Facility for purchasing of the units of the scheme through order routing platform on BSE and NSE</p>	<p>A. The Scheme is admitted on the order routing platform of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange Of India Limited ("NSE"). Under this facility investors can submit the application for subscription and redemption of units of the scheme through the Stock Exchange platform. The introduction of this facility is pursuant to guidelines issued by SEBI vide circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 11/183204/2209 dated November 13, 2009 and the Stock Exchanges viz.BSE&amp; NSE.</p> <p><b>B. The Units under Plan/options of following Scheme(s) are available for Subscription &amp; Redemption on order routing platform of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange Of India Limited ("NSE").</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="389 1160 1497 1283"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Scheme Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01</td> <td>Tata Gilt Securities Fund Regular Plan - Growth &amp; IDCW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>02</td> <td>Tata Gilt Securities Fund Direct Plan - Growth &amp; IDCW</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Please refer SAI for further details.</b></p>	Sr. No.	Scheme Name	01	Tata Gilt Securities Fund Regular Plan - Growth & IDCW	02	Tata Gilt Securities Fund Direct Plan - Growth & IDCW
Sr. No.	Scheme Name						
01	Tata Gilt Securities Fund Regular Plan - Growth & IDCW						
02	Tata Gilt Securities Fund Direct Plan - Growth & IDCW						
<p>Option to hold Units in dematerialized (Demat) form</p>	<p>Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/9/2011 dated May 19, 2011 and further as per AMFI Circular No 35P/MEM-COR/35/11-12 dated Dec 23, 2011, Mutual Fund shall provide an option to investors to hold units in Demat mode. Hence investors opting for allotment of units in Demat form shall mention Demat account details in the application form. Demat facility is available for all schemes of Tata Mutual Fund except for subscription in Plans / Options where income distribution distribution frequency is less than one month.</p> <p>As per SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/102010 dated August 18, 2010, all the units of a mutual fund scheme held in Demat form will be freely transferable.</p>						
<p>JUST SMS Facility</p>	<p>JUST SMS Facility enables the Unitholders to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subscription of units of the scheme for amounts less than Rs 2 lacs.</li> <li>• Redemption of units in the scheme (any amount/All Units).</li> <li>• Switch out from the scheme (any amount/All Units).</li> </ul> <p>This facility is currently available for existing investors (resident individuals only including guardian on behalf of minor) however new investor can avail this facility after opening a folio in the scheme/(s).</p> <p>The said limits can be changed at the sole discretion of Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd.</p> <p><b>Process Note:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Subscription transaction request can be accepted in "Amounts" only and Switch and Redemption transaction requests can be accepted in "Amounts/Units" , however the request for Unit based redemption/switches can be given for "ALL" units and not part thereof. The minimum subscriptions / redemption / Switch amount in the respective scheme/(s) will be applicable for each transaction. The load structure prevailing at the time of the purchase transaction will be applicable.</li> <li>2. Mobile Number Registration: Unitholder(s) of the Fund will have to register a mobile number registered in India in their folio for availing this Facility. The mobile number provided in the debit mandate shall be updated in the folio for which the Facility is required. Additionally it will be registered in all the folios (if the same is not already available) where the First/Sole unit holder PAN number is same as the First/Sole unit</li> </ol>						

- holder PAN in the application, the updation of the mobile number will be only for purpose of database enhancement for all communication purposes. To avail this facility, only one mobile number will be registered with one folio number.
3. Unitholder(s) of the Fund can start transacting, using this Facility only after successful registration of the Debit Mandate with their bankers and receipt of confirmation from the AMC. The process of registering the bank mandate with the banker may take upto 30 days.
  4. Unit holder(s) need to provide Original cancelled cheque of the same bank account registered in the registration form with the unit holder's name printed on the face of the cheque. In case an investor is not able to submit the Original cancelled cheque or do not have the name of the investor on the face of the cheque. Then the investor needs to submit:
    - a. Copy of the bank passbook attested by bank / Original bank statement with name address and bank account number of the investor.
    - b. A letter from the bank on its letter head certifying that the investor maintains an account with the bank, along with the information like the bank account number, bank branch, account type, the MICR code of the branch and the IFSC code.
    - c. Get the bankers attestation in the face of the form in the section BANKER'S Attestation (For BANK Use only)
    - d. If these supporting documents are not provided the registration may not be accepted. The Unit holder(s) cheque/ bank account details are subject to third party verification.
  5. Transaction Charge: In accordance with SEBI circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, TAMPL/TMF will deduct Transaction Charges from the purchase/ subscription amount received from the investors investing through a valid ARN Holder i.e. AMFI registered Distributor (provided the Distributor has opted to receive the Transaction Charges). Transaction Charge of Rs. 100 (for investor other than first time mutual fund investor) per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above are deductible from the purchase / subscription amount and payable to the Distributor. The balance amount shall be invested. The transaction charges would be deducted only in respect of those transactions where the concern distributor has opted for opt in for levying transaction charge. In case distributor has chosen 'Opt Out' of charging the transaction charge, no transaction charge would be deducted from transactions registered. It may further be noted that distributors shall have also the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product
  6. In case the mode of holding of the folio is 'Joint' and the Debit Mandate is duly signed by all the joint holder(s), it will be deemed to be an express instruction to the AMC (Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd) / RTA (Computer Age Management Service Ltd), to keep the mode of holding to 'Anyone or Survivor' for availing this Facility only, so that this facility is available to the first named holder only. In case the unit holder is a "minor", the legal /natural guardian shall be eligible to avail of this Facility till the minor attains majority. As such legal/natural guardian may make payments from the minor's respective bank account (or in accordance with the exceptions provided for third party payments) and the same shall be recognized by the AMC as valid payment as per the SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations.
  7. The Purchase Facility is currently available to the investors with the bank account with following bank branches:
    - a) All bank branches participating in Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Electronic Clearing System (ECS)/Regional Electronic Clearing System (RECS) facility.
    - b) Core Banking branches of the following Banks: Allahabad Bank, Axis Bank, Bank Of Baroda, Citibank, Corporation Bank, HDFC Bank, Federal Bank, ICICI Bank, IDBI Bank, Karnataka Bank, Punjab National Bank, State Bank of India, Union Bank of India, United Bank of India.

Please note that the list of the banks and branches may be modified/updated/ changed/deleted from time to time in future at the sole discretion of the AMC without assigning any reason or prior notice. You may kindly refer the AMC web site [www.tatamutualfund.com](http://www.tatamutualfund.com) for the latest list of locations/banks.
  8. Some banks and branches may levy charges for mandate registration and / or transactions to their bank account holders, which will be borne by the account holder only and will not be borne /reimbursed by the AMC or the Fund.
  9. Unit holder(s) hereby confirms, acknowledges and undertakes to make payments for subscription of units from their respective bank account(s) in compliance with applicable provisions relating to third party payments detailed in the SID / SAI and that the payment will be through legitimate sources only.
  10. The responsibility of the bank account information provided in the Debit Mandate or any other application form for this Facility solely rests with the Unit holder(s) and the AMC / Fund / RTA will not be responsible or liable for any loss, claims, liability that may arise on account of any incorrect and / or erroneous data / information supplied by the Unit holder(s).
  11. It will be the sole responsibility of the unit holder(s) bank and its branch to ensure proper registration of the Debit Mandate and confirm registration. If no confirmation of registration or rejection is received from the banker, the AMC/RTA/it's agents will deem the same to be registered and confirm the registration to Unit holder(s) entirely at the risk of Unit holder(s).
  12. The Unit holder(s) shall ensure availability of clear funds in their respective bank account, as specified in the Debit Mandate, at the time of requesting a Transaction using the Facility and at the time of bank account being debited
  13. The bank account of the customer may be debited towards purchases either on the same day of transaction or within one to seven business days depending on ECS cycle. The AMC / RTA shall attempt to settle the transaction and debit the bank account by requesting the registered bank for release of funds

- as per direct debit arrangement or standing instruction or RBI ECS (Debit) facility generally within a period of one to seven working days for bank. However, in case of non- receipt of the funds, for whatsoever reasons, the transaction shall stand cancelled/ null and void and the units allotted, if any would be reversed and stands cancelled.
14. The request for transaction is to be considered as accepted, subject to realization of funds towards purchases, and only on receipt of the confirmation from RTA on the registered mobile number or email id of the Unit holder(s) of the Fund.
  15. The applicable NAV for the transaction will be dependent upon the time of receipt of the SMS into Computer Age Management Service Ltd, Registrar & Transfer Agent of the Fund, ('RTA') server, electronically time-stamped and other factors like scheme, type of transaction, amount, date of realization of funds under SEBI regulations and will be treated on par with similar transactions received through other modes. For the purpose of this Facility, such RTA office centre would be considered as an Official Point of Acceptance of the transaction.
  16. Any transaction request on a Non-Business Day will be processed on the next Business Day in accordance with the provisions provided in the Scheme Information Document ('SID') of the respective scheme.
  17. If the transaction is delayed or not effected at all for reasons of incomplete or incorrect information/key word or due to non-receipt of the SMS message by the RTA or due to late receipt of SMS due to mobile network congestions or due to any reason whatsoever, the Unit holder(s) will not hold the Fund, AMC and the RTA responsible for the same.
  18. In case of non-receipt of confirmation from RTA within a reasonable time (around one hour), Unit holder(s) are advised to immediately call up the call centre to confirm the status of the transaction request. In case of receipt of multiple confirmations from the RTA against a single transaction request, the same needs to be brought to the immediate attention of RTA and the AMC by calling up the call centre on toll free no. 022-62827777.
  19. The Unit holder(s) availing the Facility shall check his / her bank account records carefully and promptly. If the Unit holder(s) believes that there has been an error in any transaction using the Facility, or that an unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Unit holder(s) shall notify the AMC or the RTA immediately by calling up the call centre on toll free no. 022-62827777. For faster dissemination of information, Unitholders are requested to provide their E-mail IDs. Delivering service through the internet & web-based services such as e-mail is a more efficient delivery channel. Annual report, Account statements & other communication will be sent via email, by default, to investors who have provided their email ID, unless specified otherwise. The Investor shall from time to time intimate the Mutual Fund / its transfer agents about any changes in the email address. In case of a large document, a suitable link would be provided & investor can download, save & print these documents. However, the investor always has a right to demand a physical copy of any or all the service deliverables, & the Fund would arrange to send the same to the investor. It is deemed that the Unitholder is aware of all the security risks associated with online communication, including the possibility of third party interception of the documents sent via email. Mutual Fund / registrar shall not be responsible for e-mail not reaching to the investors and for all consequences thereof.
  20. Unitholder(s) of the Fund agrees and acknowledges that any transaction, undertaken using the registered mobile number shall be deemed to be that of the Unitholder(s).
  21. Unit holder(s) will also need to inform the AMC/RTA about any change in their bank account number, mobile number or email id through a duly signed written request in the specified format and supporting documents.
  22. The Unit holder(s) agree that the Fund/AMC / RTA and their agents shall not be held liable for any unsuccessful registration and or transaction due to any action or inaction of the Unit holder(s) bank including but not limited to reasons mentioned below and agree to indemnify the Fund/AMC/RTA for all liabilities, losses, damages and expenses which they may consequent sustain or incur either directly or indirectly:
    - a) Loss of the Debit Mandate in transit from point of acceptance of the form to RTA head office and further to the Unit holder(s)' bank branch;
    - b) Non acceptance or rejection of Debit Mandate for whatsoever reason by the Unit holder(s)' bank branch, with or without any reason assigned by the Unit holder(s) bank;
    - c) Non registration of the Debit Mandate by the Unit holder(s)' bank and branch;
    - d) Deemed registration due to non-confirmation of registration or subsequent rejection by the bank and any subsequent rejection of debit of bank account for funds;
    - e) Non availability of funds in the bank account of the Unit holder(s) at the time of debit Rejection of registration or transaction debit for any reason or without assigning any reason whatsoever.
  23. Employee Unique Identification Number (EUIN): Further, SEBI has made it compulsory for every employee/ relationship manager/ sales person of the distributor of mutual fund products to quote the EUIN obtained by him/her from AMFI in the Application Form. EUIN would assist in addressing any instance of mis-selling even if the employee/relationship manager/sales person later leaves the employment of the distributor. Hence, if your investments are routed through a distributor please ensure that the EUIN is correctly filled up in the Registration Form. However, if your distributor has not given you any advice pertaining to the investment, the EUIN box may be left blank. In this case you are required to tick (  ) the declaration to this effect as given in the form.

	<p>The AMC reserve the right to reject an application if it deems appropriate.</p>
<p>Additional communication channel for transaction alerts and confirmations for financial and/or non-financial transactions and other services</p>	<p>Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited (TAMPL) / Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) is offering a facility to the unitholder/ investors to receive transaction alerts and confirmations for financial and/ or non-financial transactions and other services on "WhatsApp" which is enabled on the mobile numbers of unitholders registered in Tata Mutual Fund folios.</p> <p>To receive such information/messages on WhatsApp, the unitholder / investor needs to provide their consent or "Opt In" and agree to receive various messages or other services. Investors can provide this 'opt in' on online mode and through physical modes like application form, through SMS etc.</p> <p>The Terms and conditions for using the facility:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The user agrees to subscribe to the WhatsApp service &amp; promotional alerts from TAMPL/TMF.</li> <li>• The user can unsubscribe to the channel at any time by sending an email to us at <a href="mailto:service@tataamc.com">service@tataamc.com</a>.</li> <li>• This channel cannot be used for grievance redressal or reporting fraud as of now, TAMPL/TMF will have no liability if any such incidents are reported on this channel.</li> <li>• It is advisable for customers who have subscribed to this service to delete WhatsApp when changing their device.</li> <li>• Customers shall not submit or transmit any content through this service which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Is Obscene, Vulgar, Pornographic, Political, Religious, etc.</li> <li>o Encourages the commission of a crime or violation of any law Violates any state or Central law in India and/or the jurisdiction in which he resides and/or any applicable law.</li> <li>o Infringes the intellectual or copyrights of a third party.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Under no circumstances shall TAMPL/TMF, or its agents, affiliated companies, officers, directors, employees, and contractors be liable for any direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special, or consequential damages that result from the use of, or inability to use, this service or for receipt of any answer provided by the program running at the back-end.</li> <li>• The customer understands that using WhatsApp application may carry extra risks and may not be secured. Further any message and information exchanged is subject to the risk of being read, interrupted, intercepted, or defrauded by third party or otherwise subject to manipulation by third party or involve delay in transmission.</li> <li>• TAMPL/TMF shall not be responsible or liable to the customer or any third party for the consequences arising out of or in connection with using of this service.</li> <li>• The customer is responsible for keeping security safeguard of his WhatsApp account linked to the registered mobile number.</li> <li>• TAMPL/TMF has the right to retract the service anytime it deems fit.</li> <li>• The customer agrees that he shall not have any claim against TAMPL/TMF on account of any suspension, interruption, non-availability or malfunctioning of the service due to any link/mobile/system failure at TAMPL/TMF's end for any reason thereof.</li> <li>• These terms and conditions may be withdrawn/ superseded/ modified at any time whatsoever, by TAMPL/TMF without any prior notice.</li> </ul>
<p>Official Points of Acceptance of Transaction through MF utility &amp; MF Central</p>	<p>Tata Mutual Fund has entered into an agreement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), a "Category II - Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") - a shared services initiative of various asset management companies, which acts as a transaction aggregator for transacting in multiple scheme of various mutual funds with a single form and a single payment instrument. Accordingly, all the authorized Point of Sales(POS) and website/mobile application of MFUI (available currently and also updated from time to time) shall be eligible to be considered as 'official points of acceptance' for all financial and non-financial transactions in the scheme of Tata Mutual Fund either physically or electronically. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at <a href="http://www.mfuindia.com">www.mfuindia.com</a>.</p> <p>Applicability of NAV shall be based on time stamping as evidenced by confirmation slip given by POS of MFUI and also the realization of funds in the Bank account of Tata Mutual Fund (and NOT the time of realization of funds in the Bank account of MFUI) within the applicable cut-off timing. The Uniform Cut -off time as prescribed by SEBI and mentioned in the SID / KIM shall be applicable for applications received through such facilities.</p> <p>Investors are requested to note that MFUI will allot a Common Account Number ("CAN") i.e. a single reference number for all investments in the mutual fund industry for transacting in multiple scheme of various mutual funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form and necessary documents at the POS. The AMC and/or its Registrar and Transfer Agent shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors/distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the website of MFUI i.e. <a href="http://www.mfuindia.com">www.mfuindia.com</a> to download the relevant forms.</p> <p>For any queries or clarifications related to MFU, please contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and public holidays) or send an email to <a href="mailto:clientservices@mfuindia.com">clientservices@mfuindia.com</a>.</p> <p>MF Central is also appointed as Official point of Acceptance for Tata Mutual Fund Schemes.</p>

Cash Investments	<p>Cash Investments in the Scheme Pursuant to SEBI circular dated September 13, 2012 and SEBI circular dated May 22, 2014, it is permitted to accept cash transactions to the extent of Rs. 50,000/- subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under and the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations and guidelines. Provided that the limit shall be applicable per investor for investments done in a financial year across all scheme of the Mutual Fund, subject to sufficient systems and procedures in place for such acceptance. However any form of repayment either by way of redemption, income distribution cum capital withdrawal etc. with respect to such cash investment shall be paid only through banking channel.</p> <p>Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited is in process of implementing adequate systems and controls to accept Cash Investment in the Scheme. Information in this regard will be provided to Investors as and when the facility is made available.</p>
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**Facility under Gilt Retirement Planning Series:**

**a) Auto Appreciation Encashment facility**

For the benefit of the unitholders Auto Appreciation Encashment facility is provided to the unitholders at half yearly or annual intervals. Under facility, the Fund will automatically encash the appreciation available on the unitholder’s investment at the NAV prevailing on last business day of the calendar half year or last business day of the calendar year. No exit load will be levied on appreciation encashment.

**b) Auto Rollover Facility (ARO)**

Pursuant to the SEBI Circular CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 and the notice advertisement published in newspaper on 30 September, 2012. Further ongoing subscription/switch-in Tata Gilt Securities Retirement Planning - 28/2/2025 Maturity – Dividend, Tata Gilt Securities Retirement Planning - 28/2/2025 Maturity – Growth is suspended and ARO is not available.

**c) Special Put Option Period (SPOP) under 28/2/2025 Maturity Fixed Period Option:**

Retirement Fund Asset Liability Management Plan (i.e. 2025 Fixed Period Option) will have two Special Put Option Periods (SPOP) each year i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> March to 15<sup>th</sup> March and 15<sup>th</sup> April to 30<sup>th</sup> April. Under normal circumstances redemption proceeds in respect of units redeemed by way of exercising put during such periods will be paid within one business day from the date of redemption since the fund (option) will have adequate notice for availing its cash outflows. Such Put Option will be actioned only after the receipt of written confirmation mentioning the exact date of put (i.e. redemption) (which should fall within the SPOP) to the AMC latest by 10<sup>th</sup> February for 1<sup>st</sup> March to 15<sup>th</sup> March SPOP and 1<sup>st</sup> April for 15<sup>th</sup> April to 30<sup>th</sup> April SPOP. The Trustee Company / AMC reserve the right to change the SPOP from time to time.

**ARO and SPOP are additional facilities offered to the investors. Unitholders however will have the freedom of redeeming the units on any business during continuity of respective fixed option period.**

**d) Loyalty Incentives to Unitholders under 28/2/2025 Fixed Period Option:-**

Unitholders under 2025 Fixed Period Option will be rewarded with the loyalty incentives. Loyalty incentive will be paid by the AMC at the rate specified by it from time to time and will be in the form of allotment of units equivalent to the amount of loyalty incentive. Units will be allotted at the NAV based price prevailing on 1<sup>st</sup> business day next after the end of the minimum investment period specified by AMC from time to time. Units allotted as Loyalty incentive will also be eligible for loyalty incentives.

Pursuant to the SEBI Circular CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 and the notice advertisement published in newspaper on 30 September, 2012, additional purchase on units under Gilt Securities Retirement Planning - 28/2/2025 Maturity – Dividend, Tata Gilt Securities Retirement Planning - 28/2/2025 Maturity – Growth are suspended. Therefore, the unitholders under 2025 – IDCW option will be allotted loyalty incentive in form of units of Tata Gilt Securities Fund Regular Plan – IDCW option and unitholders under 2025– Growth option will be allotted loyalty incentive in form of units of Tata Gilt Securities Fund Regular Plan - Growth Option.

At present AMC proposes to pay loyalty incentives at the end of 5 years, 10 years, 15 years and 20 years as under:-

Amount Invested (Rs.)	Minimum Investment Period	Rate of Loyalty Incentive	Loyalty Incentive Payable (Rs.)	Mode of payment of Loyalty Incentive *
1,00,000	5 years from the date of allotment	0.50% of the amount invested at the beginning of 5 years period	500	Unitholders will be allotted additional units at the NAV prevailing as on 1 <sup>st</sup> Business Day of the 6 <sup>th</sup> year
1,00,000	10 years from the date of allotment	0.50% of the amount invested at the beginning of 10 years period	Additional 500	Unitholders will be allotted additional units at the NAV prevailing as on 1 <sup>st</sup> Business Day of the 11 <sup>th</sup> year
1,00,000	15 years from the date of allotment	0.50% of the amount invested at the beginning of 15 years period	Additional 500	Unitholders will be allotted additional units at the NAV prevailing as on 1 <sup>st</sup> Business Day of the 16 <sup>th</sup> year
1,00,000	20 years from the date of allotment	0.50% of the amount invested at the beginning of 20 years period	Additional 500	Unitholders will be allotted additional units at the NAV prevailing as on 1 <sup>st</sup> Business Day of the 21 <sup>st</sup> year
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>2000</b>	

\* Amount equivalent to the loyalty incentives will be paid by the AMC to the scheme at the end of minimum investment period. Hence there will be no impact on NAV on allotment of additional units.

In case of partial redemption before the expiry of minimum investment period, loyalty incentive will be paid only on the investment amount which remains invested for minimum holding period. For e.g. If an investor is investing Rs. 1,00,000/- and redeems Rs.50,000/- out of it before completing 5 years, he will be entitled for cumulative loyalty incentive only on Rs.50,000/- which remains invested for minimum holding period of five years. The maximum amount of loyalty payable under this option will not exceed 2% of the amount, which remains invested for minimum holding period as mentioned above.

**B. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES**

<p><b>Net Asset Value</b></p> <p>This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.</p>	<p><b>NAV Information</b></p> <p>The NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The AMC will prominently disclose the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund (<a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a>) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India-AMFI (<a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>) by 11 p.m on every Business Day.</p> <p>Investor may write to AMC for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS.</p> <p><b>Illustration of Calculation of Sale &amp; Repurchase Price:</b></p> <p>Assumed NAV Rs. 11.00 per unit</p> <p>Entry Load: NIL</p> <p>Exit Load 1%</p> <p>Sale Price = NAV + (Entry Load (%) * NAV)</p> <p>Sale Price = 11 + (0% * 11)</p> <p>Sale Price = 11 + 0</p> <p>Sale Price = Rs. 11/-</p> <p>Repurchase Price</p> <p>Repurchase Price = NAV – (exit load (%) * NAV)</p> <p>Repurchase Price = 11 – (1%*11)</p> <p>Repurchase Price = 11 – 0.11</p> <p>Repurchase Price = Rs.10.89</p> <p>In the event NAV cannot be calculated and / or published, such as because of the suspension of RBI Clearing, Bank strikes, during the existence of a state of emergency and / or a breakdown in communications, the Board of Trustees may temporarily suspend determination and / or publication of the NAV of the Units.</p> <p>The spread between the sale and repurchase price will be in accordance with Regulation 49(3) of the Securities &amp; Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.</p>
<p><b>Half Yearly Disclosures / Portfolio / Financial Results</b></p> <p>This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.</p>	<p><b>Portfolio Disclosure:</b></p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in user friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for all their schemes on its website <a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a> and on the website of AMFI <a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.</p> <p>In addition to monthly portfolio Tata Mutual Fund shall also disclose and email fortnight portfolio for debt scheme within 5 days of every fortnight as per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2020/130 dated July 22, 2020.</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered, Tata Mutual Fund will send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month /half year respectively.</p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund will publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website <a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a> and on the website of AMFI (<a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>). Tata Mutual Fund will provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.</p> <p><b>Unaudited Financial Results:</b></p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund/ Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd shall within one month from the close of each half year, i.e. half year ending on 31st March &amp; on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website in the format specified in Twelfth Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996.</p>

	<p>Tata Mutual Fund / Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation &amp; in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the fund is situated.</p>
Annual Report	<p>Annual report or Abridged Summary, in the format prescribed by SEBI, will be hosted on AMC's website <a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a> and on the website of AMFI <a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>.</p> <p>The scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof, in the format prescribed, shall be sent by way of e-mail to the investor's registered e-mail address not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year.</p> <p>Investors who have not registered their email id, will have an option of receiving a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof.</p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund will provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder. Physical copies of the report will also be available to the unitholders at the registered offices at all times.</p> <p>Tata Mutual Fund will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website (<a href="http://www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a>) and on the website of AMFI (<a href="http://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>).</p>
Associate Transactions	<p>Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</p>
Risk O Meter	<p>As per SEBI guidelines, based on the internal assessment of the Scheme Characteristics or model portfolio, Mutual Funds shall assign risk level for schemes at the time of launch of scheme/New Fund Offer.</p> <p>Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and AMC shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all schemes on the website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders of the schemes.</p> <p>Mutual Funds shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on their website and AMFI website. Mutual Funds shall also publish scheme wise changes in Risk-o-meter in scheme wise Annual Reports and Abridged summary:</p>
Creation of Segregated Portfolio	<p>Creation of segregated portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time and includes the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or</li> <li>b) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or</li> <li>c) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating</li> </ol> </li> <li>2) In case of difference in rating by multiple CRAs, the most conservative rating shall be considered. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events as mentioned above and implemented at the ISIN level.</li> <li>3) In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default, AMC may segregate the portfolio of debt and money market instruments.</li> <li>4) In case, debt schemes which have investment in debt investments having special features is to be written off or converted to equity pursuant to any approval, the date of said proposal may be treated as trigger date. However, in case the instruments are written off or converted to equity without proposal, the date of write off or conversion of debt instrument to equity may be treated as trigger date.</li> </ol> <p>Creation of segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd (AMC).</p> <p><b>Process for Creation of Segregated Portfolio</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) On the date of credit event, AMC should decide on creation of segregated portfolio. Once AMC decides to segregate portfolio, it should : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) seek approval of trustees prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.</li> <li>b) immediately issue a press release disclosing its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact on the investors. Tata Mutual Fund will also disclose that the segregation shall be subject to Trustee approval. Additionally, the said press release will be prominently disclosed on the website of the AMC.</li> <li>c) ensure that till the time the trustee approval is received, which in no case shall exceed 1 business day from the day of credit event, the subscription and redemption in the scheme will be</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.

- 2) Once Trustee approval is received by the AMC:
  - a) Segregated portfolio will be effective from the day of credit event
  - b) AMC shall issue a press release immediately with all relevant information pertaining to the segregated portfolio. The said information will also be submitted to SEBI.
  - c) An e-mail or SMS will be sent to all unit holders of the concerned scheme.
  - d) The NAV of both segregated and main portfolios will be disclosed from the day of the credit event.
  - e) All existing investors in the scheme as on the day of the credit event will be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio.
  - f) No redemption and subscription will be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, upon recovery of any money from segregated portfolio, it will be immediately distributed to the investors in proportion to their holding in the segregated portfolio.
  - g) AMC should enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange within 10 working days of creation of segregated portfolio and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests
  - h) Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the units of segregated portfolio.
- 3) If the trustees do not approve the proposal to segregate portfolio, AMC will issue a press release immediately informing investors of the same.
- 4) In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

**Processing of Subscription and Redemption Proceeds**

All subscription and redemption requests for which NAV of the day of credit event or subsequent day is applicable will be processed as under:

- i. Upon trustees' approval to create a segregated portfolio -
  - Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the units of segregated portfolio.
  - Investors subscribing to the scheme will be allotted units only in the main portfolio based on its NAV.
- ii. In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

**Disclosure**

AMC shall make necessary disclosures as mandated by SEBI, in statement of account, monthly / half yearly portfolio statements, Key Information Memorandum (KIM), SID, Scheme Advertisements, Scheme Performance data, AMC Website and at other places as may be specified.

The information regarding number of segregated portfolios created in a scheme shall appear prominently under the name of the scheme at all relevant places such as SID, KIM-cum-Application Form, advertisement, AMC and AMFI websites, etc.

**Monitoring by Trustees**

Trustees will monitor the compliance of the SEBI Circular in respect of creation of segregated portfolio and disclosure in this respect shall be made in Half-Yearly Trustee reports filed with SEBI.

In order to avoid mis-use of segregated portfolio, Trustees will put in place a mechanism to negatively impact the performance incentives of Fund Managers, Chief Investment Officers (CIOs) etc. involved in the investment process of securities under the segregated portfolio, mirroring the existing mechanism for performance incentives of Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd., including claw back of such amount to the segregated portfolio of the scheme.

**TER for the Segregated Portfolio**

- 1) AMC will not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio.
- 2) The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence. In addition to the TER mentioned above, the legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio as mentioned below.
- 3) The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the main portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC.



4) The costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

**Explanations:**

- 1) The term 'segregated portfolio' means a portfolio, comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event, that has been segregated in a mutual fund scheme.
- 2) The term 'main portfolio' means the scheme portfolio excluding the segregated portfolio.
- 3) The term 'total portfolio' means the scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event.

**Illustration of Segregated Portfolio**

**Portfolio Date** 29-Apr-2022  
**Downgrade Event Date** 30-Apr-2022  
**Downgrade Security** 7.65% C Ltd from AA+ to B  
**Valuation Marked Down** 25%

Mr. X is holding **1,000 Units** of the Scheme, amounting to Rs.15,057.30 (1000\*15.0573)

**Portfolio Before Downgrade Event**

Security	Rating	Type of the Security	Qty	Price Per Unit	Market Value (Rs. in Lacs)	% of Net Assets
7.80% A FINANCE LTD	CRISIL AAA	NCD	32,00,000	102.812	3289.98	21.850
7.70 % B LTD	CRISIL AAA	NCD	32,30,000	98.5139	3182.00	21.133
<b>7.65 % C Ltd</b>	<b>CRISIL B*</b>	<b>NCD</b>	<b>32,00,000</b>	<b>73.843</b>	<b>2362.97</b>	<b>15.693</b>
D Ltd (15/May/2019)	ICRA A1+	CP	32,00,000	98.3641	3147.65	20.904
7.65 % E LTD	CRISIL AA	NCD	30,00,000	98.6757	2960.27	19.660
Cash / Cash Equivalents					114.47	0.760
Net Asset Value					<b>15,057.34</b>	
Unit Capital (No. of Units)					<b>1,000</b>	
NAV (Rs.)					<b>15.0573</b>	

\* Marked down by 25% on the date of credit event. Before Marked down the security was valued at Rs.98.4570 per unit on the date of credit event i.e. on 30<sup>th</sup> Apr' 2022, NCD of C Ltd (7.65%) will be segregated as separate portfolio.

**Main Portfolio as on 30<sup>th</sup> Apr' 2022**

Security	Rating	Type of the Security	Qty	Price Per Unit	Market Value (Rs. in Lacs)	% of Net Assets
7.80% A FINANCE LTD	CRISIL AAA	NCD	32,00,000	102.812	3289.98	21.850
7.70 % B LTD	CRISIL AAA	NCD	32,30,000	98.5139	3182.00	21.133
D Ltd (15/May/2019)	ICRA A1+	CP	32,00,000	98.3641	3147.65	20.904
7.65 % E LTD	CRISIL AA	NCD	30,00,000	98.6757	2960.27	19.660
Cash / Cash Equivalents					114.47	0.760
Net Asset Value					<b>12694.37</b>	
Unit Capital (No. of Units)					<b>1,000</b>	
NAV (Rs.)					<b>12.6944</b>	

**Segregated Portfolio as on 30<sup>th</sup> Apr' 2022**

Security	Rating	Type of the Security	Qty	Price Per Unit	Market Value (Rs. in Lacs)	% of Net Assets
7.65 % C Ltd	CRISIL B*	NCD	32,00,000	73.843	2362.97	15.693
Net Asset Value					<b>2362.97</b>	
Unit Capital (no of Units)					<b>1,000</b>	
NAV (Rs.)					<b>2.3630</b>	

**Value of Holding of Mr. X after creation of Segregated Portfolio**

Particulars	Segregated Portfolio	Main Portfolio	Total Value
No. of Units	1,000	1,000	
NAV (Rs.)	2.3630	12.6944	
Total value of Investment (in Rs.)	2362.97	12694.33	<b>15057.30</b>

Investor services	<p>The AMC has designated an Investor Relations Officer to look into investor grievances regarding deficiencies, if any, in the services provided by the Registrars or the Investor Service centers.</p> <p>Name of the Investor Relations Officer: <b>Ms. Kashmira Kalwachwala</b></p> <p><b>Mulla House, Ground Floor, Homi Modi Street, Fort, Mumbai-400001.</b></p> <p>Call: (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00 am to 5:30 pm), Fax: 22613782,</p> <p>Email: service@tataamc.com</p> <p>The AMC will have the discretion to change the Investor Relations' Officer depending on operational necessities and in the overall interest of the fund.</p>
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**Taxation:**

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the Schemes.

The Finance Act, 2020 abolished dividend distribution tax and instead introduced taxing of income from mutual fund units in the hands of the unit holders.

Type of Investor	Withholding tax rate
Resident	10%*
NRI	20%**

\* Tax not deductible if dividend income in respect of units of a mutual fund is below Rs. 5,000 in a financial year.

\*\* The base tax is to be further increased by surcharge.

Further, "Health and Education Cess" is to be levied at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

Tax on Capital Gains (Payable by the Investors)			
	Rate of Capital Gain Tax		
	Individual/ HUF \$	Domestic Company @	NRI \$
<b>Short Term Capital Gain (Units held for 36 months or less)</b>	As per relevant Slab of Total Income chargeable to Tax	30%/25%^/22%^/15%^	30%^
<b>Long Term Capital Gain (Units held for more than 36 months)</b>			
After Providing Indexation	20%	20%	Listed - 20% Unlisted - 10%**

\$Surcharge to be levied at:

- 37% on base tax where specified income @@ exceeds Rs. 5 crore;
- 25% where specified income exceeds Rs. 2 crore but does not exceed Rs. 5 crore;
- 15% where total income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 2 crore; and
- 10% where total income exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore.

Further, Health and Education Cess to be levied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

@ Surcharge at 7% on base tax is applicable where total income of domestic corporate unit holders exceeds Rs 1 crore but does not exceed 10 crores and at 12% where total income exceeds 10 crores. However, surcharge at flat rate of 10 percent to be levied on base tax for the companies opting for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%. Further, "Health and Education Cess" to be levied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

\*\* Without indexation.

^ Assuming the investor falls into highest tax bracket.

^^ If total turnover or gross receipts in the financial year 2018-19 does not exceed Rs. 400 crores.

^^^ This lower rate is optional and subject to fulfillment of certain conditions as provided in section 115BAA.

^^^^ This lower rate is optional for companies engaged in manufacturing business (set-up & registered on or after 1 October 2019) subject to fulfillment of certain conditions as provided in section 115BAB.

Further, the domestic companies are subject to minimum alternate tax (except for those who opt for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%) not specified in above tax rates.

As per section 139AA of the Income tax Act, 1961 ('the Act') read with rule 114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, in the case of a resident person, whose PAN has become inoperative due to non linking of PAN with Aadhaar, it shall be deemed that he has not furnished the PAN and tax could be withheld at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of the Act.

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has declared that the Aadhaar card and PAN can now be linked with a penalty until March 31, 2023. PAN can be linked with Aadhaar starting April 1, 2022, according to the CBDT, with a punishment ranging from Rs 500 to Rs 1000.

Short term/ long term capital gain tax (along with applicable Surcharge and Health and Education Cess) will be deducted at the time of redemption of units in case of NRI investors.

**Stamp Duty**

With effect from 1st July 2020 a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on mutual fund investment transactions. Accordingly, the number of units allotted on purchases, switch-ins, SIP/STP installments and including IDCW- reinvestment to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

**The information stated above is based on Tata Mutual Fund understanding of the tax laws and only for the purpose of providing general information to the unit holders of the schemes. In view of the individual nature of tax implications, each unit holder is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisors with respect to the specific tax and other implications arising out of the restructuring.**

If any tax liability arising post redemption on account of change in tax treatment with respect to Capital Gain Tax, by the tax authorities, shall be solely borne by the investors and not by the AMC or Trustee Company.

**For further details on taxation please refer the clause on taxation in SAI.**

**C. COMPUTATION OF NAV**

Net Asset Value (“NAV”) of the Units shall be determined daily as of the close of each Business Day

NAV shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{NAV} = \frac{\text{Market Value of Scheme's Investments} + \text{Accrued Income} + \text{Receivables} + \text{Other Assets} - \text{Accrued Expenses} - \text{Payables} - \text{Other Liabilities}}{\text{Number of Units Outstanding}}$$

The computation of Net Asset Value, valuation of Assets\*, computation of applicable Net Asset Value (related price) for ongoing Sale, Redemption, Switch and their frequency of disclosure shall be based upon a formula in accordance with the Regulations and as amended from time to time including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications issued by SEBI or the Government of India to regulate the activities and growth of Mutual Funds. The NAVs of the fund shall be rounded off upto four decimals.

The valuation of investments shall be based on the principles of fair valuation specified in the Schedule VIII of the SEBI(Mutual Funds) Regulations,1996 and guidelines issued by SEBI /AMFI from time to time.\* Please refer Para V. of SAI on 'Investment valuation norms for securities & other assets' for details.

Each option of the Direct & Regular Plan will have a separate NAV.

**IV. FEES AND EXPENSES**

**A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES**

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

The scheme was launched on 3rd August, 1999 and the New Fund Offer Expenses were fully borne by the AMC.

Please note that being existing scheme, provision of NFO expenses is not applicable for this scheme.

**B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES**

These are the fees and expenses for the operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. given in the table below:

The maximum recurring expenses of the scheme is given in the table below:

Ref	Expenses Head	% of Daily Net Assets #
	Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.00%
	Trustee fee	
	Audit fees	
	Custodian fees	
	Other Expenses	
	RTA Fees	
	Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
	Cost related to investor communications	
	Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
	Cost of providing account statements and income distribution, redemption cheques and warrants	
	Costs of statutory Advertisements	

	Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
	Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades resp.	
	Goods & Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
	Goods & Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
<b>(a)</b>	<b>Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)</b>	<b>Upto 2.00%*</b>
<b>(b)</b>	Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)**	NIL
<b>(c)</b>	Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulation 52 (6A) (b)	Upto 0.30%^

\* Excluding Goods & Services Tax on investment and advisory fees

**# Note:** Expenses of Direct Plan will be lower than expenses of the Regular Plan as no commission/distribution expenses will be charged in the case of Direct Plan. All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan. NAV of the Direct Plan will be different than the NAV of Regular Plan.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of AMC, its associate, sponsor, trustees or any other entity through any route in terms of SEBI circulars, subject to the clarifications provided by SEBI to AMFI vide letter dated February 21, 2019 on implementation of SEBI Circular dated October 22, 2018 on Total Expense Ratio (TER) and performance disclosure for Mutual Fund.

The maximum recurring expenses for the scheme shall be subject to following limits\*\*

- a) on the first Rs.500 crores of the daily net assets: 2.00%
- b) on the next Rs.250 crores of the daily net assets: 1.75%
- c) on the next Rs.1250 crores of the daily net assets :1.50%
- d) on the next Rs.3000 crores of the daily net assets : 1.35%
- e) on the next Rs.5000 crores of the daily net assets : 1.25%
- f) On the next Rs. 40000 crores of the daily net assets: total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.
- g) on the balance of the assets : : 0.80%

\*\*in addition to the above the scheme may charge additional limit of 0.05% (The AMC shall not charge additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) in case exit load is not levied/ not applicable) specified in sub regulation (6A)(c) of Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 excluding tax on investment management & advisory fees and expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets as stated in regulation 6A(b) of SEBI ( Mutual Funds) Regulation, 1996.

^ Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are atleast:

- (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;
  - (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher:
- Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub- clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis:  
 Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities:  
 Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors (i.e other than corporates and institutions) from B 30 cities as defined in the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/42 March 25, 2019. Inflows of amount upto Rs.200000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor".

Notes:

- 1) Brokerage & transaction costs (including tax) which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade may be capitalised to the extent of 12bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trades shall be within the limit prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 12 bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- 2) AMC shall annually set apart atleast 2 basis point on daily net assets for investor's education and awareness initiatives.
- 3) The fund shall update the current expense ratios on the website( [www.tatamutualfund.com](http://www.tatamutualfund.com)) at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The exact web link for TER is <http://www.tatamutualfund.com/our-funds/total-expense-ratio>. as well as disclosure to be made on the website of AMFI in downloadable spreadsheet format.

### C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. As per SEBI circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 there shall be no entry load for all Mutual Fund schemes. Applicable tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of tax, if any, shall be credited to the scheme.

**Entry Load:** Not Applicable, Pursuant to SEBI circular no .SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009; no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor

**Exit Load (For SIP and Non-SIP transactions):** *NIL*

Units issued on reinvestment of dividends shall not be subject to exit load.

No exit load shall be charged for any switch between Regular Plan (i.e. existing plan) and Direct Plan where the transaction has been received without broker code in the Regular Plan. Switch from Regular Plan to Direct Plan shall be subject to applicable exit load where the transaction has been received with broker code in the Regular Plan.

The AMC reserves the right to change/modify exit / switchover load (including zero load), depending upon the circumstances prevailing at any given time. However any change in the load structure will be applicable on prospective investment only. The AMC may charge an exit load for switch of units from one plan/option to another plan/option within the Scheme and/or any other scheme of TMF depending upon the circumstances prevailing at any given time. The switchover load may be different for different plans/options and the switchover load may be different from the entry and /or exit load charged for sale and/or repurchase units. The load charged could also be different for different options in the plans of the Scheme at the same time and different as regards the amount/tenor of investment, etc.

As per SEBI circular dated. May 23, 2008, the mutual fund at the time of changing the load structure, the mutual funds may consider the following measures to avoid complaints from investors about investment in the schemes without knowing the loads:

- The addendum detailing the changes may be attached to Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum may be circulated to all the distributors/brokers so that same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key information memoranda already in stock.
- The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing. For any change in load structure arrangement may be made to display the addendum in the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the investor service centers and distributor/ brokers' office.
- The introduction of the exit load along with the details may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- A public notice shall be given in respect of such changed in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper publishes in the language of region where the Head office of Mutual Fund is situated.

### D. TRANSACTION CHARGES

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10, 000/- and above be allowed to be paid to the distributors of the Tata Mutual Fund products. The transaction charge shall be subject to the following:

1. There shall be no transaction charges on direct investments.
2. For existing investors in a Mutual Fund, the distributor may be paid Rs.100/- as transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10, 000/- and above.
3. For first time investor in Mutual Funds, the distributor may be paid Rs.150/- as transaction charge for subscription of Rs.10, 000/- and above.
4. The transaction charge shall be deducted by the AMC from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor and the balance amount shall be invested.
5. The statement of account shall clearly state that the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and give the number of units allotted against the net investment.
6. There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs. 10,000/-.
7. In case of Systematic Investment Plan(s), the transaction charge shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIPs amounts to Rs. 10,000/- and above. In such cases the transaction charge shall be recovered in first 3/4 successful installments.
8. There shall be no transaction charge on transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to fresh/additional purchase.

The transaction charges would be deducted only in respect of those transactions where the concern distributor has opted for opt in for levying transaction charge. In case distributor has chosen 'Opt Out' of charging the transaction charge, no transaction charge would be deducted from transactions registered.

It may further be noted that distributors shall have also the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the Product.

**V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS**

Please refer to SAI for details.

**VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY**

This section contains the details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies.

1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed. - NIL
2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed. - NIL
3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed. - NIL
4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately- NIL
5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed. - NIL

The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields, etc. have been checked and are factually correct.

**Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.**

**Note:** The Scheme covered under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee Company on 28<sup>th</sup> July'1999 & subsequently the change of fundamental attribute was approved by Trustees on 4<sup>th</sup> December'2017 & again on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2019.

By order

Board of Directors

**Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited**

**Authorised Signatory**

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30.04.2022

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**West Zone:**

**Ahmedabad:** 402, 'Megha House', Mithakhali - Law Garden Road, Netaji Marg, Ahmedabad - 380 006. Tel.: 079 - 26466080 / 40076949.  
**Bhopal:** MF-12, Block-A, Mansarovar Complex, Near Habibganj Railway Station, Bhopal - 462 016. Tel.: 0755 - 2574198 / 4209752.  
**Borivali:** Shop No. 1 and 2, Ground Floor, Ganjawalla Residency, Ganjawalla Lane, Borivali West, Mumbai - 400092. Tel.: 022- 28945923 / 8655421234. **Goa:** F- 4, 1st Floor, Edcon Tower, Next to Hotel Salida Del Sol, Near Apple Corner, Menezes Braganza Road, Panaji - Goa - 403 001. Tel.: 7888051135, Fax: 0832-2422135. **Indore:** 204, D.M. Tower, Race Course Road, Near Zanjeerwala Chourha, Indore - 452 003. Tel.: 0731-4201806, Fax 0731-4201807. **Jabalpur:** Office No. 4, 1178, Napier Town, Home Science College Road, Jabalpur - 482 001(M.P.). Tel.: 0761-4074263. **Mumbai:** Mulla House, Ground Floor, 51, M. G. Road, Near Flora Fountain, Mumbai - 400 001. Tel: 022- 66505243 / 66505201, Fax: 022- 66315194. **Nagpur:** 102, Shivaji Complex, Near Times of India, Dharampeth, WHC Road, Nagpur - 440 010, Tel.: 0712 - 6630425 / 6502885. **Nashik:** 5, Samriddhi Residency, Opp Hotel City Pride, Tilakwadi, Nashik - 422 002. Tel.: 0253-6605138, Fax: 0253-2579098. **Navsari:** Shop No.1, Swiss Cottage, Ashanagar Main Road, Navsari - 396 445. Tel: 02637 - 281991. **Pune:** Office No 33, 3rd Floor, Yeshwant Building, Opp Lane No. 9, Prabhat Road, Pune - 411 004. Tel.: 020-41204949 / 950. **Rajkot:** 402, The Imperia, Opp. Shastri Maidan, Limda Chowk, Rajkot - 360 001. Tel: (0281) 2964848 / 849 **Surat:** G-18, Ground Floor, ITC Building, Near Majuragate, Ring Road, Surat - 395 002. Tel.: 0261 - 4012140, Fax: 0261-2470326. **Thane:** Shop No. 9, Konark Tower, Ghantali Devi Road, Thane (West) - 400 602. Tel.: 022 - 25300912. **Vadodara:** Emerald One, 314, 3rd Floor, Jetalpur Main Road, Before Jetalpur Bridge, Jetalpur, Vadodara - 390 007. Tel.: (0265) 2991037, Fax: 0265-6641999. **Gurgaon:** Unit No. 209, 2nd Floor, Vipul Agora Mall, Sector 28, M. G. Road, Gurgaon - 122 001.

**East Zone:**

**Bhubaneswar:** Room-309, 3rd Floor, Janpath Tower, Ashok Nagar, Bhubaneswar - 751009. Tel.: 0674 -2533818/ 7064678888. **Dhanbad:** Shriram Plaza, 2nd Floor, Room No.202 (B), Bank More, Jharkhand, Dhanbad - 826 001. Tel.: 0326-2300304 / 9234302478. **Durgapur:** 8C, 8th Floor, Pushpanjali, C-71/A, Saheed Khudiram Sarani, City Centre, Durgapur - 713 216. Tel: (0343) 2544463/65. **Guwahati:** Jain Complex, 4th Floor, Beside Axis Bank, G. S. Road, Guwahati - 781005. Tel: (0361) 2343084. **Jamshedpur:** Voltas House, Mezzanine Floor, Main Road Bistupur, Jamshedpur - 831001. Tel.: 0657-2321302 / 363 / 6576911. **Kolkata:** Apeejay House, Ground Floor, 15 Park Street, Kolkata - 700 016. Tel.: 033-4406 3300/01/33/19. Fax: 033-4406 3315. **Patna:** 301, 3rd Floor, Grand Plaza, Frazer Road, Patna - 800 001. Tel.: (0612) 2216994. **Raipur:** Shop No. S-10, 2nd Floor, Raheja Tower, Near Fafadhi Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur (Chhattisgarh) 492001. Tel.: 0771-4040069 / 6537340. **Ranchi:** 406 - A, 4th Floor, Satya Ganga Arcade, Sarjana Chowk, Lalji Hirji Road, Ranchi - 834001. Tel.: 0651-2210226 / 8235050200.

**North Zone:**

**Ajmer:** 02 Floor, Agra Gate Circle, P. R. Marg, Ajmer - 305 001. Tel: (0145) 2625316. **Agra:** Unit No. 2, 1st Floor, Block No. 54, Prateek Tower Commercial Complex, Sanjay Place, Agra - 282002. Tel.: 0562-2525195. **Allahabad:** Shop No. 10, Upper Ground Floor, Vashistha Vinayak Tower, Tashkand Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad -211 001. Tel.: 0532-2260974. **Amritsar:** Mezzanine Floor, S.C.O - 25, B Block, District Shopping Complex, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar - 143 001. Tel.: 0183-5011181/5011190. **Chandigarh:** SCO - 2473-74, 1st Floor, Sector- 22C, Chandigarh - 160 022. Tel.: 0172-5037205/5087322, Fax: 0172 - 2603770. **Dehradun:** Shop No. 19, Ground Floor, Shree Radha Palace, 78, Rajpur Road, Dehradun - 248 001, Uttarakhand. Tel.: 0135-2740877 / 2741877. **Jalandhar:** Shop No.32, 5th Floor, City Square Building, Near Kesar Petrol Pump, Jalandhar - 144 001, Tel.: 0181 - 5001024/25. **Jaipur:** Office Number 52-53, 1 Floor, Laxmi Complex, Subhash Marg, M.I. Road Corner, C Scheme, Jaipur - 302 001. Tel.: 0141 - 5105177 / 78 / 2389387, Fax: 5105178. **Jodhpur:** Sanskriti Plaza, 840, Mezzanine Floor, Devendra Singhvi Marg, Opp. HDFC Bank, 9th Chopasani Road, Sardarpura, Jodhpur - 342003. Tel: (0291) 2631257. **Kanpur:** 4th Floor, Office No. 412 - 413, KAN Chambers, 14 / 113, Civil Lines, Kanpur - 208 001. Tel.: 0512-2306065 / 6066, Fax: 0512 - 2306065. **Lucknow:** 11 B & 12, Ground Floor, Saran Chamber II, Vikramaditya Marg, 5 Park Road, Lucknow - 226001. Tel: (0522) 4001731 / 4308904 **Ludhiana:** Cabin No. 201, 2nd. Floor, SCO 18, Opp Ludhiana Stock Exchange, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana - 141 001. Tel.: 0161-5089667 / 668, Fax: 0161-2413498. **Meerut:** G-13, Rama Plaza, Near Bachha Park, Western Kutchery Road, Meerut (U.P.) - 250 001. Tel.: 0121-4035585. **Moradabad:** Ground Floor, Near Hotel Rajmahal, Civil Lines, Moradabad - 244 001, Tel.: 0591-2410667. **New Delhi:** Flat No. 506 - 507, Kailash Building, 26, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, Connaught Place, New Delhi - 110001. Tel.: 011-66324101/102/103/104/105, Fax: 011-66303202. **Udaipur:** Office No - 4, 2nd Floor, Madhav Appartment, Opp GPO, Chetak Circle, Udaipur - 313 001. Tel.: 0294-2429371, Fax: 0294-2429371. **Varanasi:** D-64/127, 2nd Floor, C-H Arihant Complex, Sigra, Varanasi - 221010 Tel.: 0542-2222179 / 2221822.

**South Zone:**

**Aurangabad:** Plot No 66, Bhagya Nagar, Near S T Office, Kranti Chowk Police Station to Employment Office Road, Aurangabad - 431001. Tel: (0240) 2351591/90. **Bangalore:** Unit 3A, 4th Floor, Sobha Alexander Plaza, 16/2-6, Commissariat Road, Bangalore - 560025. Tel.: 080 45570100. Fax: 080-22370512. **Chennai:** 3rd Floor, Sri Bala Vinayagar Square, No.2, North Boag Road, Near AGS Complex, T Nagar, Chennai - 600 017. Tel.: 044 - 48641878 / 48631868 / 48676454. Fax: 044-43546313. **Cochin:** 2nd Floor, Ajay Vihar, Near Hotel Avenue Regent, M. G. Road, Cochin - 682 016. Tel.: 0484-4865813 / 814 / 815. Fax: 0484 - 2377581. **Coimbatore:** Tulsi Chambers, 195-F, Ground Floor, West T V Swamy Road, R S Puram, Coimbatore - 641002. Tel.: 0422-4365635, Fax: 2546585. **Hyderabad:** 1st Floor, Nerella House, Nagarjuna Hills, Above Kotak Mahindra Bank, Punjagutta, Hyderabad - 500082. Tel.: 040-67308989 / 8901 / 8902. Fax: 040-67308990. **Hubli:** No 19 & 20, 1st Floor, Eureka Junction, T B Road, Hubli - 580029. Tel.: 0836 - 4251510 Fax: 4251510. **Kottayam:** CSI Ascension Square, Logos Junction, Collectorate P. O., Kottayam - 686 002. Tel.: 0481 2568450. **Mangalore:** Essel Towers, 1st Floor, Bunts Hostel Circle, Above UTI Bank, Mangalore - 575 003. Tel.: 0824 - 4260308. **Madurai:** 1st Floor, Old No. 11B, Opp. Sethupathy Higher Secondary School, North Veli Street, Madurai - 625 001. Tel.: 0452-4246315 Fax: 0452-4246315. **Mysore:** CH-16, 1st Floor, Prashanth Plaza, 4th Main, 5th Cross, Saraswathipuram, Mysore - 570009. Tel.: 0821 - 4246676 Fax: 4246676. **Salem:** Kandaswarna Shopping Mall, First Floor, 1/194/4, Saradha College Main Road, Fairlands, Salem - 636016, Tamil Nadu. Tel: (0427) 4042028. **Thrissur:** 4th Floor, Pathayappura Buildings, Round South, Thrissur - 680 001. Tel.: 0487 - 2423330. **Trivandrum:** Ground Floor, Sai Kripa Building, TC-1956/3, Ganapthi Temple Road, Vazhuthacaud, Trivandrum - 695 014. Tel.: 0471 - 4851431. **Trichy:** No.60/3, 'Krishna', 2nd Floor, Sastri Main Road, Tennur, Trichy - 620 017. Tel.: 0431 - 4024060. **Vijaywada:** Ground Floor, D. No. 40 - 13 - 5, Sri Rama Chandra Complex, Chandra Mouli Puram, M. G. Road, Benz Circle, Vijayawada - 520 010. Tel.: 0866-6632010. **Vishakapatnam:** Door No. 47-15-14 & 15, Shop No. 102 B, Ground floor, VRC Complex, Opp. TSR Complex, Next to Andhra Bank, Visakhapatnam - 530 016. Tel.: 0891-2503292 / 6666133.